

Abstract:

This study focused on the importance of the expense of health indicators in Sudan, given that health is a fundamental right of human rights, which are the backbone of human development, is the goal of human development Social and.

An individual can live a long life away from the disease and its causes, so that the individual has the highest attainable standard of health that would enable it to social and economic life producer.

The objective of this study is to calculate health indicators even know the health status and health problems to find solutions, has Jaouat this study represented in the calculation of indicators spending and mortality indicators and under-five mortality and indicators feeding, health and child protection and indicators of water and sanitation and indicators of manpower and indicators of the distribution of resources health and reproductive health indicators, maternal mortality and AIDS.

I took this data from the Central Bureau of Statistics (Household Survey 2012) by the Federal Ministry of Health and UNICEF, as well as the Annual Statistical Report for 2010

The study showed the following results:

Family rate per 100,000 of the population is 73.8, the rate of doctors per 100,000 of the population 39 specialists per 100,000 population 7, the average rate of midwives per 100,000 of the population is 35, the number of schools number of midwives 40 schools and 135 nursing school

The ten most reluctant diseases on health institutions, clinics: malaria, respiratory diseases, pneumonia, diarrhea and gastroenteritis, acute inflammation of the tonsils, disorders of

the urethra or the urinary tract, high blood pressure, superficial injury, diabetes, eye disorders

More ten diseases hesitant on health institutions, clinics among children (0 to 4):

Pneumonia, malaria, diarrhea and gastroenteritis, respiratory diseases, acute inflammation of the tonsils, acute bronchitis, eye disorders, amoebic dysentery, superficial injuries, ear disorders.

Ten Reasons to more hospital admissions: birth Single Tabaip, pneumonia, malaria, diarrhea and gastroenteritis, caesarean, Obstetrics and Gynecology, asthma, diabetes, abscesses, anemia

More than ten diseases cause of death in hospitals: fulfilled bloody, pneumonia, other heart diseases, circulatory system diseases, malaria, heart failure, renal failure, malignant tumors, nutritional deficiencies, diabetes.

More incomes reasons among children under five years of age: pneumonia, diarrhea and gastroenteritis, malaria, fluid loss, nutritional deficiencies, blood poisoning, acute bronchitis, anemia, convulsions.

Top ten causes of death in hospitals among children under five years of age: a blood poisoning, pneumonia, malnutrition, Tanos newborns, diarrhea and gastroenteritis, fluid loss, lack of natural growth, other respiratory diseases, diseases of the circulatory system of malaria.

More than five non-communicable diseases cause for hesitation: high blood pressure, injury Sahtah (wounds and injuries), diabetes, asthma, tumors Alkhbayth the

More than five non-communicable diseases cause for entering: asthma, diabetes, heart disease, high blood pressure, malnutrition, Alawarm.

More than five non-communicable diseases cause of death: heart disease, malignant tumors, diabetes, high blood pressure, diabetes.

Health spending share of the local results 6% and per capita health expenditures 232 pounds and the share of spending on the health of the public sector 28.90% and the Ministry of Health's share 21.7% and the total expenditure on health as a percentage of 8.7%.

Years of a person's life expected at birth is 59.8%, the mortality rate during the year of the total population 16.7, the infant mortality rate in the age group less than a year to total births during the year 79, the mortality rate of children less than five years to total births less than five years 111, and maternal mortality in pregnancy, subject, and the subject and mortality per one hundred thousand live births, 417, mortality rate of newborns Amra less than a month per thousand and Dora live 32.9 mortality rate of children aged one month to six months for every thousand live births 24.1 infant mortality rate age 6 to 24 month per thousand live births, 57, infant mortality rate from 25 to 59 per thousand live births 22.8 mortality rate of children age 0 to 59 a month per thousand live births, 78.5 percent among children less than five years underweight 12.6, the proportion of infected children less than five years Palace tall sharp 15.7, the proportion of injury to children less than five years wasted 5.3 proportion of children age 0 to 5 months who Ali breast Tabaah only 41, the percentage of households that use salt food processor add iodine 9.5 and the percentage of children age 0 to 23 months who took doses of vitamin A 60.5 to children in the

same age group, the proportion of children age 12-23 months who received a dose of tuberculosis immunization to children in the same age group who were given a dose of immunization quintet (viral hepatitis and Haemophilus home diphtheria, whooping cough and Alttnos) who gave a dose of measles immunization Ali , respectively, 76.8 and 61.3 and 70.1 and the percentage of caregivers without a fifth who have knowledge of Bardan only the symptoms of pneumonia, which affects children, 4.5 percent of households owning a mosquito net at least one 58.2, and the percentage of households owning treated mosquito net and one 25, the proportion of infected children under five the age of malaria in fifth in the weeks preceding the survey and ate antimalarials the day after the injury 43.1 percent among children under five years of age fever in the two weeks preceding the survey were diagnosed with malaria through a blood sample to test malaria scratched a finger or heel men 57.4, the proportion of pregnant women at the age of 15 to 49 who took the treatment and Quáallmlria 20.5, the percentage of households that use sources of potable water 60.5, the percentage of households that use sources of potable water of the total households (by national standards) 81.1, the percentage of households that use the toilet of the total households 27, the proportion of Families that use drinking water are valid and toilets 20.8, the percentage of women in the 20-24 age and have live births Hate at the age of less than 18 years 14 years, the proportion of married women in the 15-49 age and Istamlr or using their husbands contraception 9.1, the proportion of married women in the age group 15 to 49 who do not use contraception 28.9, the proportion of married women aged 15 to 49 years who have given birth neighborhood during the past two preceding the survey did not receive any increase for health care prenatal 24.1, the proportion of married women aged 15-49 age and who have given birth neighborhood during the past two

preceding the survey were detected them once at least by someone who is medically qualified prenatal 74.3, the proportion of women aged 15 to 49 and who put live births during the past two preceding the survey and has birth by a qualified person 72.5, the percentage of women in the age 15 to 49 years and women and Han and Dlah alive during the years preceding the survey and has home delivery 76.0, the maternal mortality rate per one hundred thousand live births 215.6 proportion of women aged 15 to 24 years 215.6, the proportion of women aged 15 to 49 years and have knowledge about how to transmission of HIV 5.8, the proportion of women aged 15 to 49 and who properly means transition of the virus from mother to child 60.3, the proportion of Alencae in age from 15 to 49 and who have heard of AIDS and who the position of acceptance towards people living with HIV disease, 8.3, the proportion of females Alli make them a form of female genital mutilation 65.5, the proportion of women aged 15 to 49 years who believe that the justification for the husband beat his wife in different circumstances 74.0, the proportion of children under five are registered in the records of 59.3 births, the proportion of children in the age of 36-59 months who Akhaddron the form of live programs for early childhood 20.4.