Sudan University of Science and Technology College of Graduate Studies

EXTRACTION AND ANALYSIS OF VOLATILE OIL OF FOENICULUM VULGARE MILL.

A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of Master Degree in Chemistry

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March 2009

Acknowledgements

I would like to express my deepest thanks and gratitude to Dr. Dafaalla Mohamed Hag Ali, Assistant Professor of Chemistry at Sudan University of Science & Technology for suggesting the problem, valuable guidance and continuous supervision to finish this work. I would like to acknowledge the technicians at the Aromatic Plant Research Institute, National Research Centre for their help to extract the volatile oil of the *Foeniculum vulgare* Mill.

Also I would like to thank Miss Mesa Mohamed Salih at the Central Laboratories, Ministry of Science & Technology for carrying out the GC-MS analysis of the oil sample and Mr. Tawfeek at the Central Petroleum Laboratories, Ministry of Energy & Mining for help in the GC analysis of the oil sample.

H. A. EL-Musharaf March 2009

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Abstract

The volatile oil from the dry seeds of *Foeniculum vulgare* Mill., known in Sudan as *Elshamar*, was extracted by hydrodistillation. The volatile oil yield of was found to be 6 % (v/w). The extracted volatile oil was analyzed by gas chromatography (GC) and gas chromatography – mass spectrometry (GC-MS) to determine the chemical constituents. The retention indices of the major components were calculated from the GC analysis. From the GC-MS analysis 28 compounds (11 hydrocarbons and 17 oxygenated compounds) were identified. The main constituents of volatile oil were found to be: Anethole (I) 31.1%, phenyl-2-methyl-3-propanal 21.25%, d-limonene 12.13% β -pinene 9.63% γ -terpinene 8.03% and 2-carenal 8.71% and their retention indices are 1237.04, 1290.74, 1021.11, 976.98, 1060 and 1283.33 respectively.

.

(I)

ملخص

في هذه الدراسة تم استخلاص الزيت الطيار من نبات الشمار الذي يزرع في منطقة المناصير في شمال السودان بواسطة التقطير المائي. من التجربة وجد أن نسبة الزيت الطيار في النبات 6% (حجم/وزن). تم تحليل الزيت المستخلص بواسطة كروماتوغرافيا الغاز بالإضافة الى كروماتوغرافيا الغاز الملحق بجهاز طيف الكتلة وذلك لتعيين المكونات الكيميائية. عين معامل الإحتجاز للمكونات الرئيسية للزيت عن طريق كروماتوغرافيا الغاز بينما تم التعرف على 28 مركب في الزيت الطيار من تحليل كروماتوغرافيا الغاز الملحق بجهاز طيف الكتلة. 11 من هذه المركبات عبارة عن هيدروكربونات و17 منها مركبات تحتوى على الأوكسجين.

المكونات الأساسية للزيت الطيار حسب نسبة تواجده هي: الأنيثول (I) (31.1) و2-ميثيل-3-فينيل المكونات الأساسية للزيت الطيار حسب نسبة تواجده هي: الأنيثول (I) (31.1%) و2-فينيل بروبانال (21.25%) والمليمونيين (12.13%) وبيتا-بينين (9.63%) وقاما-تيربينين (8.03%) و2-فينيل كارينال (8.71%) ولها معاملات الإحتجاز الآتية: 1237.04 و1290.74 و1021.11 و976.98 و1021.11 و1060%

(I)