# بنالية الخالخ بنزن

# قال تعالى:

"اقْرَأْ بِاسْم رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ {1} خَلَقَ الْإِنسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ {2} اقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَمُ {3} الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ {4} عَلَّمَ الْإِنسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمْ {5}"

صدق الله العظيم

سورة العلق الآيات من (1-5)

# **Dedication**

# **Acknowledgements**

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Thanks everybody.

#### **Abstract**

#### (English)

Zeolite samples were collected from Wadkawly in Gadarif region. These samples were characterized with respect to both physical and chemical properties. X-ray Diffraction Analysis (XRD) showed these samples to be composed of Thomsonite zeolite, exclusively. The samples were treated with strong brine solution to ensure that Na-zeolite is generated and used as the stationary ion exchange phase. Solutions containing 100ppm of the ions (Pb<sup>2+</sup> or Fe<sup>3+</sup> or Ni<sup>2+</sup>) were artificially prepared, then processed with the zeolite. Excellent extraction was achieved, with final residual concentration of 0.02 ppb, 3.0 ppb and 1.38 ppm for (Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup> and Ni<sup>2+</sup>) respectively. This gives extraction efficiency of  $\sim$  100 %, 99.9 %, and 98.6 %, for Pb<sup>2+</sup>, Fe<sup>3+</sup> and Ni<sup>2+</sup>, respectively. The relative efficiency is, therefore :

 $Pb^{2+} > Fe^{3+} > Ni^{2+}$ .

#### الخلاصية

جمعت عينات من الزيوليت من ود كولي في منطقة القضارف. أجريت دراسة للخصائص الفيزيائية والكيميائية لهذه العينات. وقد بين التحليل بحيود الأشعة السينية أن هذه العينات تنتمي حصراً إلى فصيلة الزيوليت المعروفة "بالتمسونيت". وجرت معالجة العينات بحلول الملح المركز للتأكد من أنتاج زيوليت الصوديوم (Na-Zeolite) الذي وظف كالطور الثابت في عملية التبادل الأيوني. وتم تحضير محاليل من الأيو نات ( $^{\text{Te}}$   $^{\text$ 

 $.Pb^{2+} > Fe^{3+} > Ni^{2+}$ 

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