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يَعْلَمْ [5])

صدق الله العظيم

سورة العلق (1-5)

Dedication

To:

My Family

MY COLLEAGUES

MY ALL TEACHERS

Acknowledgment

*My acknowledgement and great fullness at the beginning and end to
Allah.*

*My special gratitude to my supervisor Dr: Mona Ahmed who do her
best helping and guiding me to this thesis. I am very grateful to, all my
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Dr: Ahmed AL Mustafa.*

My great thanks to my collages.

**My great thanks to my brother Monteser Mahdyand my daughter
Razaz Yahya**

Abstract

The main objective of this study to evaluate the effect of the thyroid hormones disorder on the kidney size and texture. The study include 50 patients with thyroid hormones disorder in different centers of ultrasound department in Khartoum State Military Hospital and Private Clinic, in time range (2014-2015).

We found Females were more affected by thyroid hormones disorders on the kidney size and texture (86%) than male (14%), and the most age distribution among (21-30 years). All patients were examined by ultrasound following the international scanning guides and protocols.

The research found that, Patients with duration 5 months to 1 year showed normal kidney (32) 64%. While, the effect in kidney appear in duration 2 years (1) 2%, and in duration 3 years (1) 2% but the effect in kidney appear clearly in duration 7 to 13 years (7) 14%, one of the (2%) had mild effect and others (14%) had small kidney.

The research reaches found that, the more duration of the thyroid hormones disorder the more effect on kidney size and texture.

الخلاصة

هدفت هذه الدراسة لتقييم دور الموجات فوق الصوتية في إكتشاف اثر هرمونات الغدة الدرقية على الكلي. من خلال هذا البحث تمت دراسة 50 حالة من المرضى الذين يعانون من إضطرابات في هرمونات الغدة وقد أجريت الدراسة بمراكز مختلفه بولاية الخرطوم في الفترة ما بين (2014-2015).

أخضع جميع المرضى للتشخيص بواسطة الموجات فوق الصوتية وفقا للبرتكولات العالمية. وقد أوضحت هذه الدراسة ان الإناث اكثر عرضى في الإصابة من الذكور وأن الاعمار ما بين (21-30 سنة) هي الأكثر سوادا في العينة.

وقد كان للموجات الصوتيه دور فعال في تقييم اثار هرمون الغدة على الكلية.

أوضحت الدراسة أن الأصحاء من المرضى كانوا في الفترة الابتدائية من المرض 1 سنة (32) 64%، ظهرت الآثار المرضية في المرضى المصابين لمدة عامين (1) 2%، في ثلاث سنوات (1) 2%، وظهرت الآثار المرضية بوضوح في المرضى المصابين بالمرض لفترة ما بين 7 الى 13 سنة (8) 16%. (15%) منهم كانوا مصابين بضمور في الكلية و 2% لديهم اثار طفيفية الأثر.

خلصت الدراسة إلى أن الإصابة بالغدة الدرقية تؤثر على حجم الكلية و شكلها بتقدم فترة المرض وفقاً لنتائج الموجات الصوتية.

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