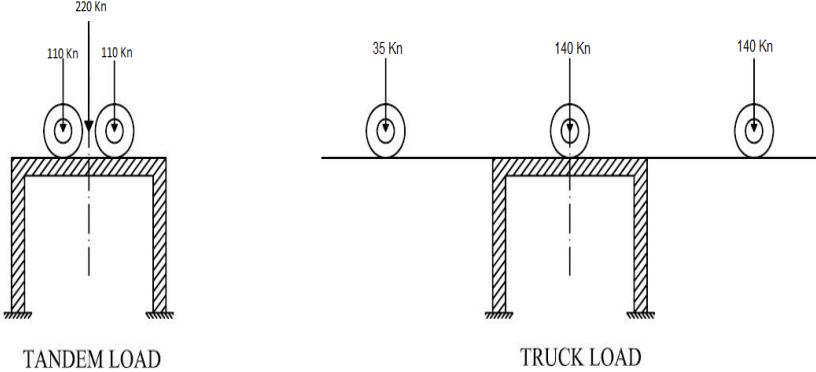


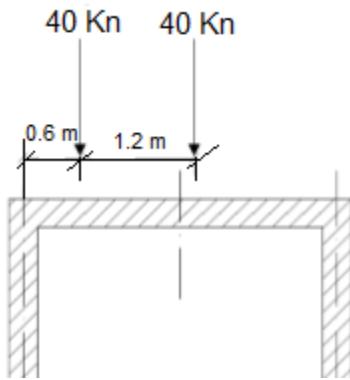
Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p style="text-align: center;">❖ حسابات التصميم الانشائي</p> <p style="text-align: center;">❖ Box Culvert Design :-</p> <p>$\gamma_s = 18 \text{ kn/m}^3$</p> <p>$\gamma_w = 9.81 \text{ kn/m}^3$</p> <p>$\gamma_c = 24 \text{ kn/m}^3$</p> <p>$T_s = T_w = T = 300 \text{ mm}$</p> <p>$c = 50 \text{ mm}$</p> <p>$\emptyset = 30^\circ$</p> <p>$H = 0.5 \text{ m}$</p> <p>$l_{\text{span}} = 3000 \text{ m}$</p> <p>$w = 1 \text{ m}$</p> <p>▪ Loads :-</p> <p>1. Dead load :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> S.w top slab : $D_{c_{\text{top}}} = t * \gamma_c * w = 0.3 * 1 * 24 = 7.2 \text{ kn/m}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> S.w of two haunch : $D_{c_{\text{haunch}}} = 2 * h * t^2 * w * \gamma_c = 2 * 0.5 * 0.3^2 * 1 * 24 = 2.16 \text{ kn/m}$	

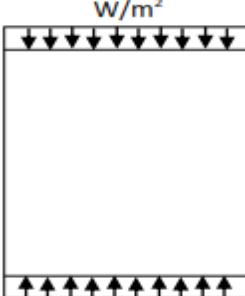
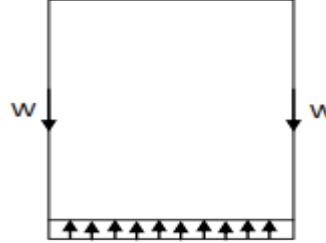
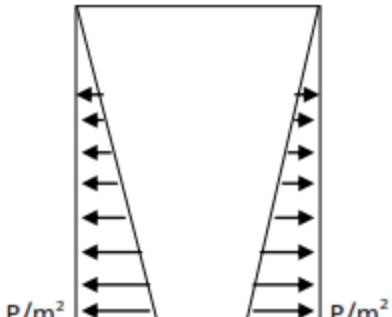
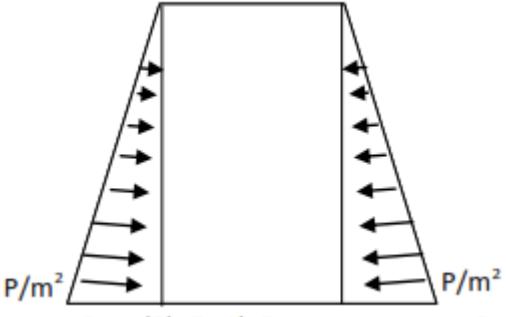
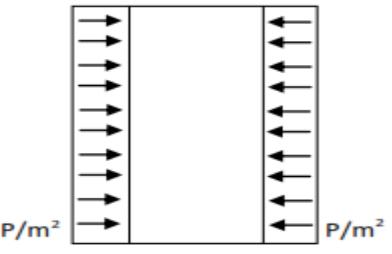
Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p>S.w of wall :-</p> $D_{\text{c}_{\text{wall}}} = t * l * w * \gamma_c = 0.3 * 3.3 * 1 * 24 = 23.76 \text{ kn}$ <p>2. Earth pressure :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Earth pressure vertical :- $E_v = f_e * \gamma_s * h * w$ $F_e = 1 + 0.2 \frac{h}{b} = 1 + 0.2 \left[\frac{0.5}{3.3} \right] = 1.03$ $E_v = 1.03 * 18 * 0.5 * 1 = 9.27 \text{ kn/m}$ <p>Earth pressure horizontal :-</p> $E_h = \gamma * h * w$ $\gamma_{\max} = \gamma_s * k_o$ $k_o = 1 - \sin \theta = 1 - 0.5 = 0.5$ $\gamma_{\max} = 0.5 * 18 = 9$ $\gamma_{\min} = 0.5 \gamma_s * k_o = 0.5 * 9 = 4.5$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Earth pressure at the top slab :- $E_{h_{\max}} = 9 * 0.5 = 4.5 \text{ kn/m}$ $E_{h_{\min}} = 2.25$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Earth pressure at the bottom slab :- $E_{h_{\max}} = 34.2 \text{ kn/m}$ $E_{h_{\min}} = 17.1 \text{ kn/m}$ <p>3. Live load surcharge :-</p> <p>$H = 3.8 \text{ m}$</p> $H_{\text{eq}} = 0.9 - 0.1(H - 3) = 0.82$	

	$L_s = \gamma_s * k_o * H_{eq} * w$	
Reference	<p style="text-align: center;">Calculations</p> <p>$k_o = 1 - \sin \theta = 1 - 0.5 = 0.5$</p> <p>$L_s = 0.5 * 18 * 0.82 * 1 = 7.38$</p> <p>3- Water load :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> For top slab :- $W_a = \text{zero}$ <input type="checkbox"/> For bottom slab :- $W_a = h * w * \gamma_w = 9.81 * 3 * 1 = 29.43 \text{ kn/m}$ <p>4- Live load :-</p>  <p>TANDEM LOAD</p> <p>TRUCK LOAD</p>	Output

من الواضح ان العربة ثنائية المحاور (tandem) تعطي عزوم أكبر من الشاحنة

التصميمية

Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p>أولاً نوزع الحمولة الحية على شريحة التوزيع عرض الشريحة:-</p> $E = 2440 + 0.12 (S) = 2440 + 0.12 * 3000 = 2.8 \text{ m}$ <p>طول الشريحة:-</p> $E_{\text{span}} = L_T + LLDF(H) = 254 + 1 * 500 = 0.754 \text{ m}$ <p>للتوزيع على الشريحة</p> $110 / 2.8 * 0.754 = 52.381$ <p>لتركيزها في العرضي فقط</p> $52.381 * 0.75 = 40 \text{ kn}$ <p>الموقع الذي يعطي أكبر عزم :-</p>  $M_{\max} = 11.52 \text{ Kn.m}$ <p>أقصى قص يحدث عندما يكون المحور الأول فوق الداعمة (الحائط)</p> $V_{\max} = 64 \text{ Kn}$	

Reference	Calculations	Output
	 <p>Case (2): Distributed Load</p> <p>$Dc_a = 7.2 \text{ Kn/m}$</p> <p>$Ev = 9.27 \text{ Kn/m}$</p>	 <p>Case (3): Weight of side wall</p> <p>$Dc_b = 25.9 \text{ Kn}$</p>
	 <p>Case (4): water Pressure on Vertical Side Walls</p> <p>$WA = 29.43 \text{ Kn/m}$</p>	 <p>Case (5): Earth Pressure on Side Walls</p> <p>$Eh_{\max} = 4.5 \text{ kn/m}$</p> <p>$Eh_{\min} = 2.25 \text{ kn/m}$</p>
		 <p>Case (6):Uniform Lateral Load on Side Walls</p>

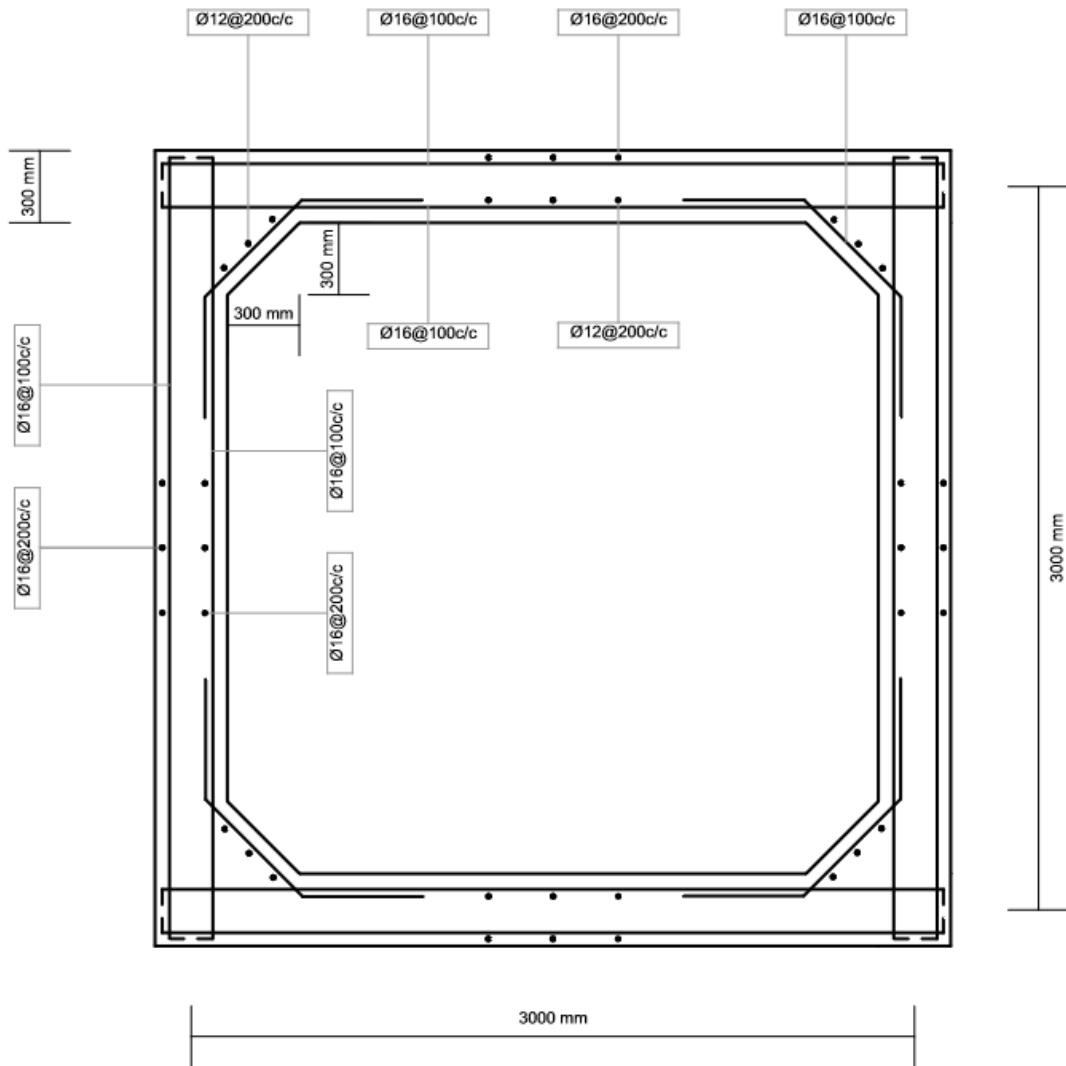
	$Eh_{\max} = 29.7 \text{ kn/m}$ $Eh_{\min} = 14.85 \text{ kn/m}$ $L.S = 7.38 \text{ Kn/m}$	
Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p><input type="checkbox"/> $B=1000\text{mm}$</p> <p>$D=300-60-16/2=232\text{mm}$</p> <p>$f_c=35 \text{ N/mm}^2$</p> <p>$f_y=420 \text{ N/mm}^2$</p> <p>$M_u=48.33 \text{ kn.m}$</p> <p>$\phi=0.9$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $M_n=M_u/\phi=53.7$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $R_u=M_n/bd^2=0.997$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho=0.85f_c/f_y * [1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2R_u}{0.85f_c}}] = 0.0024$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{\min}=1.4/f_y=0.0033$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_b=0.85f_c * B/f_y(600/600+f_y)= 0.0333$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{\max}=0.6 \quad \rho_b=0.02A_s=\rho bd=$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $A_s=\rho bd=$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi 16 @ 200$</p>	<p>773 mm^2</p> <p>1010 mm^2</p>

Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p><input type="checkbox"/> $B=1000\text{mm}$</p> <p>$D=300-60-16/2=232\text{mm}$</p> <p>$f'c=35 \text{ N/mm}^2$</p> <p>$fy=420 \text{ N/mm}^2$</p> <p>$Mu=82.23 \text{ kn.m}$</p> <p>$\emptyset=0.9$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $Mn=Mu/\emptyset=91.367\text{kn.m}$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $Ru=Mn/bd^2=1.697$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho = 0.85f'c/fy * [1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2Ru}{0.85f'c}}] = 0.0042$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{min}=1.4/fy=0.0033$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_b=0.85f'c*B/fy(600/600+fy)=0.033$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{max}=0.6 \quad \rho_b=0.02$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> $As=\rho bd=$ $\emptyset 16@200$</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>$B=1000\text{mm}$</p> <p>$D=600-60-16/2=532\text{mm}$</p> <p>$f'c=35 \text{ N/mm}^2$</p>	967 mm^2 1010 mm^2

Reference	Calculations	Output
	$f_y = 420 \text{ N/mm}^2$ $M_u = -58.48 \text{ kn.m}$ $\phi = 0.9$ <input type="checkbox"/> $M_n = M_u / \phi = 64.978$ <input type="checkbox"/> $R_u = M_n / b d^2 = 0.23$ <input type="checkbox"/> $\rho = 0.85 f_c / f_y * [1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 R_u}{0.85 f_c}}] = 0.0005$ <input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{min} = 1.4 / f_y = 0.0033$ <input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_b = 0.85 f_c * B / f_y (600 / 600 + f_y) = 0.033$ <input type="checkbox"/> $\rho_{max} = 0.6 \quad \rho_b = 0.02$ <input type="checkbox"/> $A_s = \rho b d = 1772 \text{ mm}^2$ $\phi 16 @ 100 \quad 2010 \text{ mm}^2$ Wall design :- $R_n = M_n / (f_c * b * h^2) = 0.021$ $K_n = P_n / (f_c * b * h) = 0.041$ $\gamma = 0.6$ From aci design handbook SP-17M(09) Interaction diagrams	

	As=0.01Ag=3000mm ² As=3000/2 =1500mm ² for each face $\varnothing 16 @ 100$	1500 mm ² 2010 mm ²
Reference	Calculations	Output
	<p>Distribution steel :</p> $A_{s,dist} = 1750 A_s / L^{0.5} = 0.31 A_s < 0.5 A_s$ <p>Take $A_{s,dist} = 0.5 A_s$</p> <p>Top slab :-</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Top reinforcement</p> $A_{s,dist} = 886$ $\varnothing 16 @ 200$ <p style="text-align: center;">Bottom reinforcement</p> $A_{s,dis} = 387$ $\varnothing 12 @ 200$ <p>Side wall :-</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Outside face</p> $A_{s,dist} = 750$ $\varnothing 16 @ 200$ <p style="text-align: center;">Inside face</p> $A_{s,dis} = 750$ $\varnothing 16 @ 200$ <p>Bottom slab :-</p>	886 mm ² 1010 mm ² 387 mm ² 566 mm ² 750 mm ² 1010 mm ² 750 mm ² 1010 mm ²

	<p>Top reinforcement</p> <p>$A_{s\text{dis}}=484$</p> <p>$\varnothing 12 @ 200$</p>	<p>484 mm^2</p> <p>566 mm^2</p>
Reference	<p>Calculations</p> <p>Bottom reinforcement</p> <p>$A_{s\text{dist}}=886$</p> <p>$\varnothing 16 @ 200$</p> <p>Check for shear :-</p> <p>Max shear</p> <p>$V=184.59 \text{ Kn}$</p> <p>$V_n=0.17 * \lambda * \sqrt{f'c} b * d = 635.05 \text{ Kn}$</p> <p>$V_n > V$</p> <p>OK</p>	<p>886 mm^2</p> <p>1010 mm^2</p>



شكل (4-4) مقطع العbara