

# Sudan University of Science and Technology College Of Graduate Studies



تقويم تركيب الكلى لدى مرضى ارتفاع ضغط الدم السودانيين باستخدام الاشعه المقطعيه

**Evaluation of Renal Morphology of Sudanese Hypertensive Patients by Using Computed Tomography.** 

A thesis submitted for partial Fulfillment for The Requirements Of M.SC Degree In Diagnostic Radiological Technology.

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## بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

الرَّحْمَن (1) عَلَّمَ الْقُرْآنَ (2) خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَان (3) عَلَّمَهُ الْبَيَانَ (4) الشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ بِحُسْبَانِ (5) وَالنَّجْمُ وَالشَّجَرُ يَسْجُدَان (6) وَالسَّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوضَعَ الْمِيزَانَ (7) أَلَّا تَطْغَوْا فِي الْمِيزَانِ (8) وَأَقِيمُوا الْوَزْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ وَلَا تُحْسِرُوا الْمِيزَان (9) وَالْأَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا لِلْأَنَامِ (10) فِيهَا بِالْقِسْطِ وَلَا تُحْسِرُوا الْمِيزَان (9) وَالْأَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا لِلْأَنَامِ (10) فِيهَا فَاكِهَةٌ وَالنَّحْلُ ذَاتُ الْأَكْمَام (11) وَالْحَبُّ ذُو الْعَصفِ وَالرَّيْحَان (12) فَالْحَبُّ ذُو الْعَصفِ وَالرَّيْحَان (12) فَالْحَبُّ ذُو الْعَصفِ وَالرَّيْحَان (13) فَالِمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ (13)

صدق الله العظيم

### **DEDICATION**

This Research is dedicated to my respective parents who have been my constant source of inspiration. They have given me the drive and discipline to tackle any task with enthusiasm and determination. Without their love and support this project would not have been made possible...!!!!!!!!!

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#### List of Abbreviations

CT computed tomography KUB kidney, ureter, bladder

ACE Angiotensin converting enzyme

GFR Glomerular filtration rate

ARBS Angiotensin receptor blockers

MDCT Multidetector computed tomography

MPR Multiplanar reformation

MIP Maximum intensity projection
VRT Volume rendering technique
LPP Length from pole to pole
SRA Stenosis of renal arteries
NRA Number of renal arteries

#### **Abstract:-**

This study was execute to demonstrate variation in kidneys measurements or renal dimensions (length, width, depth, cortex and medulla) for patients with high blood pressure, the study was conducted at computed tomography department in Modern Medical Center. This was expanded from September 2015 up to January 2016.

Random samples of fifty patients whom referred to computed tomography department with computed tomography for kidney, ureter, bladder request, 25 control group and 25 study group with different age were collected, axial and sagittal cuts in addition to reconstructed coronal section were done to calculate the kidney size clearly.

Statement of problem most of the previous studies at this scope were done outside the Sudan ,mainly at the United States of America ,so the researches need to be conducted in Sudanese population to approve the relation between structural changes of the renal ,which may appear on computed tomography ,and high level of blood pressure.

The objectives of this study are:To verify the relation between the structural changes of the renal and high blood pressure, To define the role of the computed tomographic and its technique in evaluation of kidney size, To measure the kidney size, and estimate the variations in kidney in patients with hypertensive.

Recommendation of the study: Further studies in evaluation renal morphology for hypertensive patient with large sample of population for more accurate.

Results that correlate with duration and age, However, for these Two group the Length Depth, width, cortex and medulla it may effect by the age and duration increases.

#### ملخص البحث

اجريت هذه الدراسه لمعرفه الاختلافات التشريحيه لقياس الكلي وابعادها (الطول ،العرض ،الارتفاع والقشره) لمرضي ضغط الدم وذلك في قسم الاشعه المقطعيه بالمركز الطبي الحديث وذلك في الفتره مابين سبتمبر 2015 الي يناير.2016

اخذت عينه عشوائيه من خمسين مريض تم تحويلهم الي قسم الاشعه المقطعيه بطلب فحص اشعه مقطعيه للجهاز البولي من مختلف الاعمار, وقد خضع جميع المرضي لاجراء الوضعين (المحوري و السهمي) بالاضافه للوضع التاجي المركب وذلك لقياس حجم الكليه بوضوح.

مشكله البحث معظم الدراسات السابقه اجريت خارج السودان، والباحث محتاج لاجراء البحث في السودان لموافقه العلاقه بين التغير التركيبي في الكلي التي تظهر في الاشعه المقطعيه وارتفاع ضغط الدم.

الاهداف هي التحقق من العلاقه بين التغير التركيبي للكلي وارتفاع ضغط الدم، التعرف علي دور الاشعه المقطعيه في تقيم حجم الكلي، قياس حجم الكلي وتقدير تغيرات الكلي في مرض ارتفاع ضغط الدم.

توصيه الدراسه تكون في داراسه في المستقبل عن تقيم الشكل الكلوي لمرضى ارتفاع ضغط الدم مع عينات كبيره لدقه اكبر.

النتائج التي ترتبط بالمده الزمنيه والعمر توضح ان كل مازاد كل من الفتره الزمنيه والعمر كل ماقل كل من الطول, العرض, العمق, القشره الخارجيه والداخليه لمرضي ارتفاع ضغط الدم للمجموعتين.

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