## Dedication

To soul of my father..

To sweet heart my mother..

To my brothers and sisters..

To my Dear uncle Prof. Babiker..

To my own family

I dedicate this effort Zokaa

## Acknowledgement

All my praise and thanks to Allah who helped me and gave me confidence to complete this study.

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## **Abbreviations**

**ALP** Alkaline Phosphatase Enzymes

**ATP** Adenosine Triphosphate

**BPG** Biphosphoglycerate

**DNA** Deoxyribonucleic Acid

**ECF** Extracellular Fluid

**ECG** Electrocardiographic

**PCT** Proximal Convoluted Tubule

**PTH** Parathyroid Hormone

**RNA** Ribonucleic Acid

#### **Abstract of the study**

**Introduction:** Smoking causes alterations in calcium and electrolytes metabolism. Electrolytes disturbance may lead to life threatening metabolic abnormalities such as coronary heart disease and osteoporosis. A descriptive cross sectional study aims to evaluate serum and saliva calcium, phosphate and magnesium in tobacco consumers and non tobacco consumers in Khartoum state.

**Materials and Methods**: 76 males tobacco consumers and 30 non-consumer males as control group were included. Serum and salivary (calcium, phosphate and magnesium) level were estimated by spectrophotometeric method, data analyzed using ANOVA test and Pearson correlation in SPSS computer program.

**Results:** The results showed high percentage of tobacco consumption among the youngest. Serum calcium level is decreased significantly in tobacco consumers versus control group (*P*-value 0.000), also saliva calcium significantly increased in tobacco consumers versus control group (*P*-value 0.000). The results of serum and salivary (phosphate and magnesium) showed insignificant variation in tobacco consumers when compared with the control group. Person's regression showed no correlation between (calcium, phosphate and magnesium) level with (age and duration of tobacco consumption).

**Conclusion:** In conclusion, salivary calcium increases with decreasing serum calcium in tobacco consumers, which lead to periodontal diseases and osteoporosis.

#### مستخلص الدراسة

مقدمة: التدخين يسبب تغييرات في الكالسيوم والشوارد الأيضيه. قد يؤدي اضطراب الشوارد إلى تهديد الحياة و شذوذ التمثيل الغذائي مثل مرض القلب التاجي ومرض هشاشة العظام. هذه الدراسة مقطعية وصفية تهدف إلى تقييم المصل واللعاب للكالسيوم والفوسفات والمغنيسيوم في مستهلكي التبغ وغير مستهلكي التبغ في ولاية الخرطوم.

المواد والطرق: 76 من الذكور من مستهلكي التبغ و 30 من الذكور غير المستهلكين كمجموعة ضابطه ،تم شملهم في هذه الدراسة خلال الفترة من شهر فبراير الى يونيو 2014. تم قياس مستوايات (الكالسيوم والفوسفات والمغنيسيوم) في مصل الدم واللعاب بواسطة الطريقة المعتمدة على الطيف الضوئي ، تحليل البيانات باستخدام اختبار ANOVA وارتباط بيرسون في برنامج كمبيوتر SPSS.

النتائج: أظهرت النتائج نسبة عالية من استهلاك التبغ وسط الشباب. وانخفض مستوى الكالسيوم في الدم بشكل ملحوظ في مستهلكي التبغ مقابل المجموعة الضابطة (بقيمة 0.000)، أيضا الكالسيوم في اللعاب ارتفع بشكل ملحوظ في مستهلكي التبغ مقابل المجموعة الضابطة. لكن نتائج المصل واللعاب (الفوسفات والمغنيسيوم) أظهرت تباين ضئيل في مستهلكي التبغ بالمقارنة مع مجموعة المراقبة. وأظهر ارتباط بيرسون إلى عدم وجود علاقة بين (الكالسيوم والفوسفات والمغنيسيوم) مع مستوى العمر ومدة استهلاك التبغ.

الختامة: وختاما، انخفض مستوى الكالسيوم في مصل الدم بزيادته في لعاب مستهلكي التبغ، مما يؤدي إلى أمراض اللثة وهشاشة العظام.

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