الآية

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

قال تعالي

الْمَهُ نَهُ وَرِ السَّمَاواتَ وَالأُرْضِ مَثَ لَلُ نُورِه كَمَثْكَاة فيها مِصْهَ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْهِ الْمَصْهِ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْهِ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْهِ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْهِ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْبَ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْبَ الْحَوْمِ الْمَصْبَ الْحَوْمِ الْمَحْوَمِ الْمُحْوَمِ الْمَحْوَمِ الْمَحْوَمِ الْمَحْوَمِ الْمَحْوَمِ الْمَعُ الْمَحْوَمِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ الل

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Dedication

To our parents who gave us strength and cover us with love and support.

To our dears all members of our families who spend more time to encourage us.

To our teachers, friend and colleagues who were an integral part of our support group.

We dedicate this work.

Shaimaa

Tasneem

Rwayda

Acknowledgment

Our grateful thanks for Allah who guided us to the straight way in our lifes.

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Abstract

Analytical descriptive cross sectional was conducted to study the frequency of ABO and Rh (D) blood groups on diabetic patients in the period from November 2013 to June 2014.

500 sample were collected from diabetic patients in Khartoum state, all samples were collected into (2.5 ml) EDTA anticoagulant, then tested for ABO and Rh Ag, the result were analyzed using (SPSS) computerized program.

We found that the O blood group is the most frequent (202) (40.4%), followed by A (160) (32%), B (111) (22.2%) and then AB (27) (5.4%). The majority of patients are positive for Rh (D) (96.4%).

مستخلص البحث

أجريت هذه الدراسه التحليليه الوصفيه المقطعيه لإيجاد تردد الزمر الوظيفيه ABO أجريت هذه الدراسه التحليلية المصابين بداء السكر في الفتره من نوفمبر 2013إلى يونيو 2014.

لقد تم جمع 500 عينه من مرضى السكرفي مانع تجلط مناسب (EDTA) سعة 2.5 مل. فحصت العينات للزمر الوظيفيه ABO والعامل الريصي ثم حللت بإستخدام نظام التحليل الإحصائي وكانت النتائج على النحو التالي:

الزمره الوظيفيه (O),(202) (40.4%)اكثر ترددا", تليها الزمره الوظيفيه (A)(160) (AB) ومن ثم (B) (111) (22.2%) وأخيرا" (AB) (27) (48%). ووجد أن معظم المرضى موجبى العامل الريصى (96.4%).

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Full text
Ab	Antibody
Ag	Antigen
BGS	Blood Group System
DKA	Diabetes Keto Acidosis
DM	Diabetes Mellitus
EDTA	Ethylene Diamine Tetra Acetic acid
GDM	Gestational Diabetes Mellitus
HDFN	Hemolytic Disease of Fetus and Newborn
HTR	Hemolytic Transfusion Reaction
IDDM	Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus
NIDDM	Non Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus
Rh	Rhesus
SPSS	Statistical Package of Social Science