الآية الكريمة

وسرَى لَنَ نَامِظ بِقُولَ تُعْ لَيَى مَطَعَلَم وَ احِدٍ فَادْ عُ لَذَا رَبَّكَ يُخْ رَ ِجْ لَذَا مِمَّا تُنبِتُ الأَرْضُ فَ وَسَى لَنَ نَامِظ بِقُولَ تُعْ لَيَى مَطَعَلَم وَ احِدٍ فَادْ عُ لَذَا رَبَّكَ يُخْ رَ جُ لَذَا مِمَّا تُنبِتُ الأَرْضُ فَى خَيْرٌ هَا وَ قُومِنِهَ اَبُوْلُ تُعْ الْوَلِهُ اللَّهُ وَ الْام سَدْكَذَةُ وَ بَاقُولُو الْبِغَضَدَبِ مَاللَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَا اللَّهُ اللَ

صدق الله العظيم

سورة البقرة، الآية 61

The Dedication:

I wish more pleasure and happiness to my parents.

My father (Usama),,,

Whom I trust and obey and appreciate for what he has done for his family.

My mother (Naiema)

Whom I love, she didn't only carried and fed me when I was young ,but even protected me from any dangerous and fill my hart with happiness and love.

My brothers (Ali and Omar) and my Sister (Zeena)

Whom I care about their lives and whish beautiful future for them.

My wife (Sufana),,,

Whom I love so much and I live trying to export any moment of pleasure to her and I appreciate whatever she does for me.

The Candidate

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Thanks to everybody encouraged me.

The Candidate

The Abstract

This research is trying to discuss the experimental investigation of determining the displacement efficiency of unrecoverable amount of oil using surfactant (CPL1) for a Sudanese oil field - Case study application in (CPL) center through five chapters.

The research was working on how to proof the hypothesis that says using Chemical methods of Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR) especially surfactant flooding produces additional oil than the natural energy of the reservoir (water flooding).

The research carried out an experiment using a flooding station of the Central Petroleum Laboratory (CPL), this implementation was done to compare the displacement efficiency of the reservoir water flooding and the surfactant (CPL1).

At the end of the experiment a list of the important results and recommendation were attached.

The most important result of the research was that the surfactant (CPL1) displacement was proved successful in increasing the recovery factor of oil as well as it was cost and time efficient compared to the natural reservoir energy (water flooding), while The most important recommendation of the research was to apply this experiment on 3-4 plugs for more precision.

التجريد:

يناقش البحث أثر تجربة معملية لتعيين كفاءة الإزاحة في حقول النفط السودانية باستخدام المحسن السطحي(CPL1) - دراسة الحالة (مختبرات النفط المركزية) من خلال خمسة فصول.

البحث يسعى لإثبات الفرض القائل بأن استخدام الطرق الكيميائية من بين طرق الاستخلاص المحسن باستعمال المحسنات السطحية أنها تتتج كميات إضافية من الزيت مقارنة باستخدام الطاقة الطبيعية للمكمن (الغمر بالماء).

تم إجراء تجربة معملية باستخدام محطة المحلية بالمعمل لمقارنة كفاءة الإزاحة بالاستخدام القوة الطبيعية للمكمن (الغمر بالماء) والمحسن السطحي (CPL1).

بعد الفراغ من التجربة تم الحصول على مجموعة من النتائج والتوصيات أهم النتائج هي ثبت فعالية الإزاحة باستخدام المحسن السطحي (CPL1) في استخلاص الزيت المتبقي مقارنة باستخلاص الزيت بالطاقة الطبيعية للمكمن.

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Abbreviations

EOR Enhanced Oil Recovery

IOR Improved Oil Recovery

STOIIP Original Oil In Place

ASP Alkali – Surfactant Polymer

SP Surfactant Polymer

IFT Interfacial Tension

API American Petroleum Institute

SAGD Steam Assisted Gravity Drainage

CPL Central Petroleum Laboratory

Nomenclature

V_w Water volume

 V_B Bulk volume,

V_G grains volume

r radius of the plug.

L Plug's length.

 S_w Water saturation

 V_p Pore volume

Ø Porosity

 W_{sa} Saturated weight in the air

 W_s Saturated weight

S_{or} Residual oil saturation