Appendix B

Survey Questionnaire on

The Adoption & Use of Portal

Section One: Per	rsonal Ch	aracteristics		•••••		
Please indicate y	our gend	er:				
☐ Male ☐ F	Female					
What is your ago	e?					
☐ Under 20	□ 20-29	□ 30-39	40-49	☐ 50 or over		
What is the high	est level o	of qualification	you possess?			
☐ High school		☐ Diploma				
☐ Bachelor		☐ Master				
□ PhD		□ Other:				
Personal Income	Month:					
☐ Less than 1,000 SDG		□ 1,000 SDG				
□ 2,000-5,000 SDG		□ 6,000-10,000 SDG				
☐ Over 10,000 SDG		☐ Other:				
How long have y	ou been u	ısing the B2E p	ortal?			
☐ Less than Mon	th	☐ Month				
☐ Less than Year		☐ Year				
☐ Years or more						
How long have y	ou been o	developing the p	portal as a pro	ofessional?		
☐ Less than Year	•	☐ Year				
☐ 2-5 Years		☐ 6-10 Years				
☐ 11-15 Years						
In any of these le	evels you	think your skil	ls and knowle	dge in the use of the portal?		
☐ Beginner level						
☐ Middle level						
☐ Expert level						
Your Email:						

Section Two: Please rate the degree of importance of the following factors.... Technological Characteristics

Technological Characteristics
Ease of Use Factor Order:
Ease of use refers to the degree to which the prospective user expects effortlessness
(free of effort/free up effort) in using a B2E portal.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Usefulness Factor Order:
Usefulness refers to the degree to which an individual believes that there are gains
from the use of the B2E portal (e.g. enhance job performance and increase the
productivity).
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Compatibility Factor Order
Compatibility refers to the extent to which a B2E portal is perceived to fit together
with potential adopters' habits and practices.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Trialability Factor Order
Trialability refers to the degree to which a B2E portal may be sufficiently tested prior
to adoption.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Observability Factor Order:
Observability refers to the degree to which the availability of the B2E portal and
results is visible to others.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Perceived Enjoyment Factor Order:
Perceived enjoyment refers to the amount of pleasure derived from the activity of
using the B2E portal.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Perceived Visual Attractiveness Factor Order:
Perceived visual attractiveness refers to the degree to which a person believes that the
visual elements (or direct system features) is aesthetically pleasing to the eye.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important

Playfulness Factor Order:
Playfulness refers to an individual's tendency to interact spontaneously with a B2E
portal.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Individual Characteristics
Long-term Orientation Factor Order
Long-term orientation refers to the fostering of efforts (to learn or to master the skill)
that are oriented or looking toward future rewards.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Confirmation Factor Order:
Confirmation refers to the person decision to use the B2E portal with intentional
commitment.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Technology Experience Factor Order:
Technology experience refers to the period of time an individual has been using the
B2E portal and ongoing use to it.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Personal Innovativeness Factor Order:
Personal innovativeness refers to a process of developing and expressing novel ideas
that are likely to be used and individuals' keenness to change.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Voluntarines Factor Order:
Voluntarines refers to the feelings of freedom and choicefulness to use a B2E portal
experienced as emanating from one's phenomenal sense of self.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Behavioural Control Factor Order:
Behavioural control refers to the extent to which a person feels able to enact the
behaviour and feels in control of the action.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important

Loyalty Factor Order:
Loyalty refers to feeling of belonginess, attachment and connected to others result to
caring by those others.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Self-Efficiency Factor Order
Self-efficiency refers to a judgment of one's ability to use a technology (e.g., B2E
Portal) to accomplish a particular job or tasks successfully.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Awareness Factor Order
Awareness refers to having knowledge and understanding of something that gained through higher qualifications.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Attitude Factor Order
Attitude refers to an individual user's beliefs and feelings (positive/negative) about performing the target behavior weighted by evaluations of these beliefs. □ Least Important □ Less Important □ Neutral □ Important □ Most Important
Risk Aversion Factor Order:
Risk aversion refers to the employee's behaviors under uncertain outcomes that differ from their desirability.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Resistance to Change Factor Order
Resistance to change refers to an individual negative motivator to achieve change and preference for existing familiar behaviours over novel ones.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Trust Factor Order
Trust refers to the employees willingness to rely on the organisations and systems which maintaining the privacy of their information.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important

Motivation Factor Order:
Motivation refers to an individuals engage in activities because they lead to desirable
consequences.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Cognitive Interest Factor Order
Interest refers to a cognitive or intellectual energy and kind of consciousness
accompanying stimulating attention and permanent mental disposition directed
towards specific behaviour.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Anxiety Factor Order:
Anxiety refers to a complex combination of negative emotions that includes
apprehension and worry when it comes to performing a behavior or learning to use this
technology, reasons for fear (e.g. press the wrong key or fear of other possible
mistakes).
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Organizational Characteristics
Facilitating Conditions Factor Order :
Facilitating conditions refers to the degree to which an individual believes that the
organization exists to add new sources of information (both internal and external) and
provide individuals or a group to assist their employees to use of the B2E portal.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Cost Factor Order:
Cost refers to the price required for executing the B2E Portal.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Financial Resource Factor Order :
Financial resource refers to the state where a person or an organization is in a position
of financial adequacy. That is they have enough cash to meet all their requirements.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important

Business Experience Factor Order:
Business experience refers to taking a company to the next level, sales experience,
producing business results, marketing talent, management acumen, technical savvy
and an entrepreneurial nature.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Training Factor Order:
Training refers to the acquisition of knowledge and skills as a result of the teaching of
vocational or practical skills and knowledge.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Organizational Size Factor Order
Organizational size refers to the number of employees and the number of units
belonging to the same company, the size of budget, sales turnover (or the sales
volume).
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Environmental Characteristics
Social Influence Factor Order
Social Influence refers to an individual's perception of the social pressures that
important others believe he/she should use the B2E portal.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Competitive Pressure Factor Order:
Competitive pressure refers to the intensity level of competition that causes a company
to feel it is underperforming.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Collectivism/Individualism Factor Order:
Collectivism/Individualism refers to the relative importance of the role of the
individual versus the role of the group because the power of society is unlimited.
□ Least Important □ Less Important □ Neutral □ Important □ Most Important

Information Quality

Information Content Factor Order:
Information content defined as the relevancy, accuracy, currency, and reliability of
information presented to each employee based on his/her role in the organization.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Understandability Factor Order:
Understandability refers to the ease of reading and understanding and the clarity of the
information.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Information Presentation Factor Order:
Information presentation refers to the form (such as text, graphics, audio and video) in
which a snapshot of information content is presented to users.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
System Quality
Safety Factor Order:
Safety refers to integrity, confidentiality, security, privacy, protection, authorization,
criticality and sensitivity of information.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
Timely Factor Order:
Timely refers to timeliness, responsiveness and response time.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Communication Factor Order:
Communication refers to the extent to which the portal could mediate interaction (i.e.
information sharing and collaboration among employees themselves, between
managers and employees) within the organization and the results from interaction.
\square Least Important \square Less Important \square Neutral \square Important \square Most Important
Accessibility Factor Order:
Accessibility refers to the ability of the portal to be accessed anytime and anywhere
through the Intranet, Internet, or even mobile devices.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important

Flexibility Factor Order
Flexibility refers to the ability to identify the need for a change and then adapt to the
change in a manner that benefit the system performance.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important
User Interface Factor Order
User Interface refers to a communication interface between the user and the system
and through it the users request the services and dealing with the system to perform the
tasks.
☐ Least Important ☐ Less Important ☐ Neutral ☐ Important ☐ Most Important