بِيْهِ مِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحْمَزِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ

قال الله عز وجل:

(فلينظُرِ الإنسانُ إلى طَعَامِه (24) أنَا صَببنا المَاءَ صَبا (25) ثمُ شَقَقَناً الأرضَ شقا (26) فأنبتنافِيهَاحَبَا (27)وَعِنَباوَقَضباً (28) ثمُ شَقَقَناً الأرضَ شقا (26) فأنبتنافِيهَاحَبَا (27)وَعِنَباوَقَضباً (31) وَزَيِتُوناوَنَخلاً (29) وَحَدَائِق غُلباً (30) وَفَاكِهَة وَأَباً (31) مَتَاعاً لَكُم وَلِأنعَامِكُم (32))

صدَق الله العظيم

سورة عبس (الايات من 24-32)

DEDICATION

I SEND MY DEDICATIONS TO ALL FROM MY FATHER ANDMY MOTHER MY BROTHERS AND MY SISTERS

MY FAMILY AND MY FRIENDS

MY PROFESSORS COLLEGE AND MY DOCTORS COLLEGE

ALSO SPECIALL MY DEDICATIONS TO:

MY PROFESSORS AND DOCTORS DEPARTMENTAGRONOMY

MY FRIENDS DEPARTMENT OF AGRONOMY

A PARTICULARLY MY DEDICATIONS TO:

PROF: AHMED ALI AND MY FRIENDS IN STUDY

IN CONCLUSION:

I HOPE FROM GOD ALMIGHTY SUCESSIFULL AND HAPPINCE FOR SUDAN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY.

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Contents

TopicPage
I
DedicationII
Acknowledgments I II
The contentsIV
Abstract (English)VII
Abstract (Arabic) I X
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION
1-1: INTRODUCTION1
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATUR REVIEW
2-1: History, Origin and Distribution4
2-2: Morphological Description Botanical Characterization5
2-3: Adaptability of broad bean to a biotic stress6
2-4: Broad bean in the farming system8
2-5: Irrigation9
2-6: Harvest, Processing, Nutritional Value and Use
of Broad bean12
CHAPTER THREE: MATERIALS AND METHODS
3-1: Experiment Site14
3-2: Layout of the Experiment and Land Preparation

3-3: Treatments and Source of seeds14
3-4: Data Collection14
3-4-1: Plant height14
3-4-2: Number of leaves per plant15
3-4-3: Numbers of Branches per plant15
3-4-4: Number of plant per m ² 15
3-4-5: Number of pods per Plant
3-4-6: Yield of seeds per m ² 15
3-4-7: 100-seed weight per m ² 15
3-4-8: Seeds Yield per Fadden15
3-5: statistical analyses16
CHAPTER FOUR: RESULTS
4-1: Data Analysis17
4-1-1: Plant height (cm)17
4-1-2: Number of Branches per plant17
4-1-3: Number of leaves per plant17
4-1- 4: Number of plant per m217
4-1-5: Number of Pods per Plant17
4-2-1: Yield of seeds/m ² 18
4.2.2-100-seed weight18

4.3-Tables19
4-3-1. Table (1) Means parameters of Growth and yield
Of broad bean by affect Irrigation intervals in season
2017-201819
4-3-2: Table (2) AOV Table for parameters growth and yield
Of broad bean by affect Irrigation intervals in Season
2017-201820
4-4: FIGURES20
4-4-1: Figure (1) indicate the means of growth each
30 days of broad bean20
4-4-2: Figure (2) the means parameters of growth each
45 days of broad bean21
4-4-3: Figure (3) indicate the means parameters growth each
60 days of broad bean2
CHAPTER FIVE: DISCUSSION
5-1: DISCUSSION
5-2: SUMMERY AND CONCLUSION
REFERANCES. 24

ABSTRACT

The experiment was carried out to study the effect of irrigation intervals on the growth and yield of Broad Bean genotype (Hadeiba 93), Experimental Farm, College of Agricultural Studies, Sudan University of Science and Technology in Shambat from November 2017 to February 2018. using system of randomized complete block design(RCBD), in four replicates and three treatments (7,14 and 21 days). Three growth characteristics were measured: plant height, the number of leaves per plants and the number of branches per plants and five components of productivity were measured: including number of plants per square meter, number of pods of plants per square meter, seed production per square meter, 100-seedweight and productivity kilo gram per Fadden .The results showed that there were significant differences between the irrigation intervals for some of the characteristics : seeds of production per square meter, the number of pods per plants, and the yield kilo gram per Fadden. The results also showed no significant differences some characteristics: plant height, number of leaves, number of branches per plant, number of plants per square meter and the weight of 100 seed. The results showed that the irrigation interval every 7 days gave the highest productivity.

المستخلص

أجريت التجربة لدراسة أثر فترات الري علي نمو وإنتاجية الفول المصري صنف (حديبة 93) بالمزرعة التجريبية كلية الدراسات الزراعية ,جامعة السودان للعلوم والتكنولوجيا بشمبات في الفترة من نوفمبر 2017 الي فبراير 2018. بإستخدام نظام تصميم القطاعات العشوانية الكاملة (RCBD) في أربع مكررات وثلاث معاملات هي (14,7و12يوما) ,تم قياس ثلاث من صفات النموهي: الارتفاع النبات ,عدد الاوراق للنباتات, وعدد الفروع للنباتات, كما تم قياس خمسة من مكونات الانتاجية: عدد النباتات في المتر المربع, عدد القرون للنباتات ,انتاج البذور في المتر المربع, وزن 100حبة والانتاجية بالكيلوجرام للفدان اظهرت النباتات ,وجود فروقات معنوية بين فترات الري لبعض الصفات هي إنتاج البذور في المتر المربع, عدد القرون للنباتات ,وزن 100حبة والإنتاجية بالكيلوجرام للفدان. كما أظهرت النباتات ,عدم وجود فروقات معنوية لبعض صفات هي إرتفاع النباتات (سم),عدد الأوراق للنباتات وعددالفروع للنباتات أظهرت النتائج أن فترات الري كل 7 أيام أعطى أعلى إنتاجية.