الآية

قال تعالى:

يَا مُوسَى لَوَنَ لِإِنْ صُدْقِرِرَ عَلَى طَعَامٍ وَ احِدٍ فَادْ عُ لَذَا رَبَّكَ يُخْ رَ جُ لَذَا مِمَّا فَيْ الْمُوسَى لَوْنَ الْمُوسَى الْفَيْدِ وَالْمُوسَى الْمُوسَى الْمُوسَى الْمُؤْرِقَ الْمُؤْرِقَ الْمُؤْرِقَ الْمُؤْرِقَ الْمُؤْرِقَ الْمُؤْرِقَ اللَّانِي اللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللْلَالِيَا وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَا

صدق الله العظيم سورة البقرة الآية 61

DEDICATION

To the soul of my father

To my mother

To my brothers

To my sisters & my friends

With love

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Thanks at the beginning and at last are for ALLAH the gracious, and the great for helping me going through and finishing this work. I am deeply indebted to my supervisor Prof. Ahmed Elawad Elfaki, for his patience, continual encouragement and help throughout this work. Thanks also extended to my brothers for their encouragement during the work. Also thanks for all members of microbiology lab of this department, Food Research Center, Oil Arabic Company and Central Laboratory University of Khartoum.

ABSTRACT

This study was conducted to compare between quality of oil produced from Pumpkin and sunflower seeds and the effect of frying on physicochemical characteristics of oils. Samples of pumpkin and sunflower seeds were collected from Bahri market and the extraction of oils by mechanical presses was in Um durman market .All the steps of refining were carried out at laboratory in college of agricultural studies Sudan University, seeds were subjected to proximate analyses of seeds and for oils physicochemical analyses before and after frying process. The oils were reused for frying three days consecutively. After each frying process, oil was taken daily after cooling for analyses. The oil content33%, moisture5.17, protein29.50, crude fiber19.07, and ash 4.59 for pumpkin seeds and oil content 37%, moistures 4.04%, protein 26.12%, crud fiber 19.07% and ash 4.69% for sunflower seeds, respectively. The values obtained for physical properties of pumpkin seeds oil were for density 0.94, viscosity 38 , refractive index, 1.47 and for yellow, color 71, red color 8.10. Physical properties of sunflower seeds oil were for density 0.89, viscosity 31.50, refractive index 1.47, yellow color 51, red color 2.50 respectively. The chemical properties of pumpkin seeds oil include acid value 0.27, peroxide value 2.30 and Saponification number, 240.50 .Chemical properties of sunflower seeds oil acid

value 0.24, peroxide value 2.25 and saponification number 189.90, respectively. The fatty acid composition were determined as Palmitic acid17.51, linoleic acid 17.77, Linolenic acid 49.31, oleic acid 7.95 and other acids 7.46% for pumpkin seeds oil. And Palmitic acid 11.10, linoleic acid 32.32, Linolenic acid 46.33, oleic acid 6.18 and other acids 4.07% for sunflower seeds oil, respectively. The density did not increase for both oils (0.95-0.95 in pumpkin and 0.88-0.89 in sunflower), and viscosity increased from 42 to 44 in pumpkin oil and 35 to 40 in sunflower oil. Also refractive index for both oils did not increase .The yellow color increased from 70 to 73, red color from 9 to 10.10 in pumpkin oil and yellow color 47 to 51, red color from 4.30 to 6.20 in sunflower oil .The changes in chemical properties of both oils were the acid value for both oils did not increase (0.27-0.34 in pumpkin oil and 0.24-0.34 in sunflower oil) and peroxide value is unstable during frying but it is acceptable because it is within the acceptable range (not more than 10 m.Eq/kg), and saponification number increased from 229.75 to 236.30 in pumpkin oil and 179.50 to 236.40 in sunflower oil.

الملخص

أجريت هذة الدراسة لمقارنة الزيت المستخلص من بذور القرع وزهرة الشمس واثر القلي (التحمير) على الخصائص الفيزيكوكيميائية الزيتين.

تم الحصول علي البذور من سوق بحري وتم العصر في معصرة ميكانيكية بسوق ام درمان وأجريت كل عمليات التكرير في المعمل ثم أخضعت العينات للتحليل التقريبي والتحاليل الفيزيكوكيميائية ومن ثم استعملت الزيوت لتحمير شرائح البطاطس لثلاث مرات بمعدل مرة كل يوم , ومن ثم تم سحب عينة بعد كل تحمير و برد الزيت واجريت التحاليل الفيزيكوكيميائية عليها .

وجد أن التحليل التقريبي لبذور القرع وزهرة الشمس هي : الزيت 33% , الرطوبة 5.17%، البروتين 29.50%, الألياف 19.07% والرماد 4.59% لبذور القرع . ونسبة الزيت 37%, الرطوبة 4.04% , البروتين 26.12%, الألياف 19.07% والرماد ونسبة الزيت 37%, الرطوبة 4.04% , البروتين 26.12%, الألياف 19.07% والرماد 4.69% لبذور زهرة الشمس . و أوضحت نتائج الخصائص الفيزيائية لكل من بذور القرع وزهرة الشمس أن الكثافة 4.09 , اللذوجة 38 , معامل الإنكسار 1.47 واللون الأحمر 8.10 لزيت القرع . والكثافة 9.08 , اللذوجة 31 , معامل الإنكسار 1.47, اللون الأحمر 51, اللون الأحمر 550 لزيت زهرة الشمس .

أما الخصائص الكيميائية فكانت القيم كالأتى :الرقم الحمضى 0.27 ، رقم البيروكسيد mEq/kg 2.30 ورقم التصبن 240 لزيت القرع .الرقم الحمضي 0.24 ، رقم البيروكسيد 2.25 ورقم التصبن 189 لزيت زهرة الشمس .

أيضا وجد أن نسب الأحماض الدهنية لزيت القرع كانت: حمض البالمتيك 17.51 %, الينوليك 7.95% ونسبة بسيطة من الأحماض الأخرى (7.46 %). كذلك تم التعرف علي نفس الأحماض الدهنية لزيت زهرة الشمس وكانت البالمتيك 11.10 %, الينوليك 32.32 %, اللينولنيك 46.33 %, الاوليك 46.33 % و ونسبة بسيطة من الأحماض الأخرى (4.07 %).

من الملاحظ أن الكثافة لم تتغير في كلا الزيتين . أما اللذوجة فقد زادت من 42 إلي 44.50 للإنكسار لم 44.50 للورع ، ومن 35 إلي 40 لزيت زهرة الشمس ، ومعامل الإنكسار لم يتغير في كلا الزيتين ، زاد اللون الأصفر من 70 إلي 73.20 واللون الأحمر من 9 إلي 10.10 لزيت القرع. وفي زهرة الشمس زاد اللون الأصفر من 47 إلي 51 اللون و الاصفر من 4.30 الي 4.30 لزيت القرع ، والرقم الحمضي من 0.33 الي 0.34 لزيت القرع ، ومن 4.30 الي 0.34 لزيت زهرة الشمس. رقم البيروكسيد لم يكن ثابتا أثناء عملية التحمير إلا ان نسبته في الحدود المقبولة (ليس اكثر من 179.50 الي 236.30 لزيت زهرة الشمس. رقم التصبن أزداد من 236.30 إلي 236.30 لزيت القرع ، ومن 179.50 إلي 236.30 لزيت زهرة الشمس.

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