

الآية

فَتَعَالَى اللَّهُ الْمَلِكُ الْحَقُّ ^{قُلْ} وَلَا تَعْجَلْ
بِرِ الْقُرْآنِ أَنْ مِّن قَبْلِ أَنْ يُقْضَىٰ إِلَيْكَ
وَحْيُهُ ^{صَلَّى} وَقُلْ رَّبِّ زِدْنِي ^{عِلْمًا}

صدق الله العظيم

سورة طه الآية (114)

DEDICATION

To my family

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All thanks to Allah who helps me to accomplish this work by giving me the ability and sending up to me great people to aid me.

I would like to thank all my teachers for their support and guidance, especially **Mr. Abubaker Obied**.

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المستخلص

من المتوقع في الشبكات اللاسلكية المستقبلية أن يكون هناك تقارب بين الشبكات اللاسلكية اعتماداً على تقنية وحدة الوصول الراديوي و الهدف هو تقديم و توفير خدمات مستمرة للمستخدمين في أي وقت و من أي مكان في العالم باستخدام الأجهزة المناسبة . و لتحقيق هذا الهدف يجب أن يكون هناك إرسال مستمر عند الانتقال من شبكة إلى أخرى مع نوعية و كفاءة مقبولة من الخدمة. الانتقال من شبكة إلى أخرى يعرف باسم الانتقال العمودي أو الانتقال بالشبكة المشتركة . من الضروري أن يكون هنالك خوارزمية جيدة لتقرير أفضل شبكة للتطبيق المعين الذي يحتاجه المستخدم إستناداً على جودة الخدمة . عملية الانتقال من شبكة إلى أخرى هي واحدة من أهم العمليات التي تحدث في شبكات الاتصالات , وبالتالي فمن الضروري توفر اداء موثوق مبني على معايير جودة عالية . بعبارة أخرى فان انخفاض مستوى الاداء داخل الشبكة يعتبر من العوامل الرئيسية التي تؤدي لعدم ارضاء العملاء وهذا بدوره قد يقود العميل للتحويل إلى مزود شبكة خلوية أخرى.

وتهدف هذه الأطروحة لمحاكاة عملية اتخاذ القرارات للتسليم العمودي في الشبكات اللاسلكية غير المتجانسة وتقييم جودة الخدمة لنقل الصوت والبيانات ، وذلك باستخدام عرض النطاق الترددي وقد تم ذلك من خلال برنامج الماتلاب.

ومن النتائج المتوقعة كلما بعد المستخدم عن المحطة المخدمة كلما قلت اشارته واحتاج لعملية الانتقال الي شبكة اخري .وايضا كلما استخدم اعلي وحد تردد اساسية لمكالمة الواحدة كلما كانت جودة المكالمة عالية وبالتالي عدد القنوات اقل من ان تستخدم اقل عدد من وحدة التردد الاساسية لمكالمة الواحدة وبالتالي تكون جودة المكالمة اقل.

ABSTRACT

The future of wireless networks is expected to be a convergence of different wireless networks based on Radio Access Technology (RAT). The aim is to meet the performance demands of the new wireless world by providing seamless services to users any time and anywhere without compromising quality of service. The transition from one network to another which is known as inter network or vertical handover, needs a good decision making algorithm that decides the best network for a specific application needed by user.

The handover or handoff process is one of a major importance process within any telecommunications network. Hence it is necessary to get a trustworthy performance based on QoS parameter. In other words unreliable service can result in a dropped calls and this is one of the key factors that can lead to customers' dissatisfaction, which in turn may cause them to switch to other cellular network providers.

This thesis aims to simulate the vertical handover decision making in heterogeneous wireless networks and evaluate the QoS for voice and data, using different basic bandwidth unit; this was done through a system-level MATLAB simulation. Different scenarios were considered. One of result the user moves away from the RAT, the RSS decreases then need handover to another network. also when providing a user with a high QoS, that is using a high value of bbu, for a single call, the number of channels available is less than when using a low value of bbu and providing the user with a low QoS for a single call

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List of Abbreviations

4G	Fourth Generation of Cellular Wireless Standards
AP	Access Point
BBU	Basic Bandwidth Unit
BS	Base Station
CAC	Call Admission Control
CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access
FDMA	Frequency Division Multiple Access
HetNet	Heterogeneous Network
OSI	Open System Interconnection
PoA	Point of Attachment
QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
QoS	Quality of Service
MAC	Media Access Control
MCHO	Mobile controlled handoff
MCNA	Mobile controlled Network Assisted
MT	Mobile Terminal
NCHO	Network controlled Handoff
NCMA	Network Controlled Mobile Assisted handoffs
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RSS	Received Signal Strength

SINR	Signal to Interference and Noise Ratio
UE	User Equipment
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunication System
VHD	Vertical Handover Decision
VHO	Vertical Handover
WiMAX	Worldwide interoperability for Microwave Access