

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

قال تعالى :

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صدق الله العظيم

سورة التين الاية (4)

Dedication

To my family members

Mother,

Father,

and brothers

I present this work

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First I would like to thank my supervisor Dr.Jumma yousef tamboul, , for getting me into this field of research, the world of medical physics, and for great guidance throughout the course of this work.

Furthermore, I thank colleagues at the University of Ahffad, Miss Hiba Bahaa, who has been very supportive and helpful in any need for extra guidance. Finally, I would like to give a special thanks to all colleagues at the college of medical radiological sciences specially Miss, Khalil for her endless support and understanding during this master thesis.

ABSTRACT

Students of medicine, biomedical engineering and Para-medicals need ideas of physics in studying living system; there are no professional books in such topics.

Physics of the human body looks at the several of physiological systems in the human body from physical point such as mechanics, pressure, fluid flow, light and sound.

The thesis presents brief reviews of the importance of physical principles in the operation of the human body. The combination of the knowledge from biology and engineering can be used to understand the principles of biomechanics.

The biological principles underlying different systems are introduced such as the respiratory system, cardiovascular system, auditory system and the vision system (the eye). These are followed by core description related to the fluid principles such as Newtonian fluid flow, sound physics, and physics of light.

The review study includes the effect of gravity on fluids pressure, and fluid flow that represent how the body maintains body temperature through the mechanism of vasodilatation and vasoconstriction of blood vessels which in turn affect the flow rate of the blood. The relation between work and energy are reviewed in this thesis.

Also on the other hand the physiological mechanism of hearing and balance, transmission of sound in the ear are described briefly on the basis of physical quantities.

The thesis represent the brief review of basic concept of contemporary physics those are relevant to the life science. These brief reviews of concepts are recommended to be expanded in the near future for a full review book in the subject.

الملخص

إن دراسي العلوم الطبية ، الطب ، الهندسة الطبية ومجالات الكوادر الطبية المساعدة في حاجة ماسة إلى موفقة ور الفزياء في العلوم الطبية لفهم الأنظمة الحية في طريقة عملها وظائفياً و بما أنه لا و جد كتب متخصصة في هذا المجال (الفزياء في الأنظمة الحية) يعتبر هذا البحث مقدمة هامة لهذا المجال الفزياء في جسم الإنسان تتعلق بواسطة قوى و جيا الجسم البشري من الفواحي الفزيائية تطبيقات قوانين الفزياء العامة مثل الميكانيكا ، الضغط ، سريان الوائع ، الضوء والصوت .

إن هذا البحث وضح أهمية إلاس الفزيائية في و ضيح طريقة عمل الجسم البشري .
تشتمل الرسالة على مقدمة للاس البيولوجية لأجزاء مختلفة من الجسم مثل الجهاز التنفسي ، جهاز الورة الدموية ، والجهاز السمعي والنظام البصري (العين) . هذه المقدمة تبعتها و ضيح عن كيفية ارتباطها في نسق و تنبهي ، بأسس فزياء الوائع مثل قوانين نيوتن لسريان الوائع ، فزياء الصوت و فزياء الضوء .

أشتملت الواجهة أيضاً على تأثير قوى الجاذبية الأرضية على ضغط و حركة الوائع التي يستفيد منها الجسم في فهم ظاهرة الحفاظ على استتوار وجة حرارة الجسم في وضعها الطبيعي و ذلك عن طريق و سيع أو تضيق الأوعية الدموية الذي يوره يغير معدل السريان للدم ، (معادلة هزيلي) .

كذلك تم شرح العلاقة بين الشغل والطاقة في هذا البحث و لفهم فسولوجيا آلية السمع والإتزان ، انتقال الأصوات عبر الأذن الذي تم شرحه بصورة مختصرة على أساس الكميات الفزيائية . بصورة عامة يقدم البحث القواعد الأساسية للفزياء والتي و تبط بالعلوم الحيوية .

List of tables

Table	Page number
Table (3.1) SI base unit	27
Table (3.2) Compressive strength of materials	33
Table (3.3) Densities of different substances	34
Table (3.4) Young's modulus.	38
Table (3.5) Compressive and tensile stresses	38
Table (3.6) Tensile strength for different materials	39
Table (3.7) The diffusion coefficients to small molecules at normal Atmospheric pressure.	50
Table (3.8) Diffusion coefficients for some molecules in water	51
Table (3.9) Index refraction of different medium	53
Table (3.10) Units of power	63
Table (3.11) power used by activities	64

List of figure

Figure :	Page number
Figure (2.1) The planes of the body	5
Figure (2.2) Anterior view of the human skeletal system	7
Figure (2.3) Articulation of joint	9
Figure (2.4) Cardiovascular system	11
Figure (2.5) Heart of the human	12
Figure (2.6) Systematic body circulation	13
Figure (2.7) The pacemaker and conducting system of the heart	14
Figure (2.8) Cardiac excitation	14
Figure (2.9) One way valve	15
Figure (2.10) Lymphatic system	17
Figure (2.11) Respiratory system	18
Figure (2.12) Urinary system	20
Figure (2.13) Construction of the human eye	21
Figure (2.14) Human eye with light detectors	22
Figure (2.15) Cross section of human ear	25
Figure (2.16) Hair cells on the cochlea	25
Figure (2.17) Auditory system	26
Figure (3.1) Object at equilibrium	32
Figure (3.2a) Tensile and (3.2b) compressive strength	35
Figure (3.3) Tensile stress	36
Figure (3.4) Stress-strain graph	36
Figure (3.5) The force exerted by static fluid on the walls of a container is always perpendicular to the surface	40
Figure (3.6) Tube with different cross section area	43
Figure (3.7) Changes of height of a mass of fluid and change in velocity	44
Figure (3.8) Laminar flow	45
Figure (3.9) Flow resistance for a tube	45
Figure (3.10) Flow through (curve) stenosis tube	46
Figure (3.11) Electromagnetic Spectrum	52
Figure (3.12) Snell's Law	54
Figure (3.13) Different types of thin lenses	54
Figure (3.14) Focal point of the lens	55
Figure (3.15) Focal length for concave lenses	55
Figure (3.16) Strong and weak lens	56
Figure (4.1) Classes of muscles	69
Figure (4.2) The three classes of lever in the body	71
Figure (4.3) Sphygmomanometer	74

Figure (4.4) Blood pressure measurement with sphygmomanometer.	74
Figure(4.5a)The mean arterial pressures in the brain and feet are the same	75
Figure (4.5b) The hydrostatic factor reduces the arterial pressure in the brain and increase that in the feet	76
Figure (4.6) Constriction and dilatation of blood vessels	78
Figure (4.7) Sensitivity of cones and rods to visible spectrum.	81
Figure (4.8) Cone respond to different visible wave length	82
Figure (4.9) Short sight vision	82
Figure (4.10) Long sight vision	83
Figure (4.11)Correction of short sight vision using diverge lens	83
Figure (4.12) Correction of long sight vision using converge lens	84
Figure (4.13) Frequency response to ear	85

Contents

الإية	i	
Dedication	ii	
Acknowledgement	iii	
Abstract	iv	
الملخص	v	
List of table		vi
List of figure	vii	
Contents	ix	
List of Abbreviation		xiv
Chapter One	1	
General Introduction	1	
1.1 Introduction	1	
1.2 Problem of research	2	
1.3 Hypothesis.	2	
1.4 Objectives	2	
1.5 Methodology	3	
1.5.1 Literature Review.	3	
1.6 Thesis Scope	3	
Chapter two		
Anatomy and Physiology	4	
2.1 Systematic anatomy	4	
2. 2 Anatomical Terms	4	
2.3 Anatomical position	4	
2.3.1 Relative Position Terms	5	
2.4 Basic tissues, organs and organ systems	6	
2.4.1 Organ System	6	
2.5 Support and Movement System	7	
2.5.1 Skeletal System	7	
2.5.1.1 Bones	8	
2.5.1.2 Definition and types of joint	8	
2.5.1.3 Material holding joint together	8	
2.5.1.4 Degree of freedom	9	
2.5.2 Muscular system	10	
2.6 Transport Systems	10	
2. 6.1 Circulatory System	10	
2.6.1.1 Examples of Circulatory System	11	

2.6.1.2 Heart	11
2.6.2 Cardiac Excitation	14
2.6.3 Heart Valves	14
2.6.3.1 A V Valves	15
2.6.3.2 Semilunar (Aortic and Pulmonary) Valves . . .	15
2.6.4 Arterial blood flow	15
2.6.4.1 Systole	15
2.6.4.2 Diastole	16
2.6.4.3 Arterial Pressure	16
2.6.5 Venous blood flow	16
2.6.6 Cardiac Output	16
2.6.7 Function of the blood	16
2.6.8 Lymphatic system	17
2.6.9 Excretion system	17
2.6.9.1 Respiratory system	17
2.6.9.1.2 Breathing cycles	18
2.6.9.1.3 Exchange of gases	18
2.6.9.4 Partial pressure	19
2.6.10 Urinary System	19
2.6.11 Anatomy of Special Sense	21
2.6.11.1 Anatomy of the eye	21
2.6.11.1.1 Retina	22
2.6.11.1.2 The Cornea	23
2.6.11.1.3 The lens	23
2.6.12 Auditory System	24
2.12.1 Basic Ear Anatomy	24
Chapter three	27
3 Fundamental Physical concepts	27
3.1 The International System of Unit	27
3.2 Derived S I Unit.	28
3.3 Basic Mechanics of Rigid bodies.	28
3.3.1 Mechanics	28
3.3.1.1 Rigid body mechanics	29
3.3.1.2 Deformable body mechanics	29
3.3.1.3 Fluid mechanics	29
3.3.2 Biomechanics	30
3.3.2.1 Basic Concepts	30
3.3.2.2 Newton's Laws	30
3.4 Properties of Material	31
3.4.1 Mechanical and electrical properties of bone	31

3.4.2 Forces and pressure	31	
3.4.2.1 Definition of force and pressure	31	
3.4.2.2 Atmospheric Pressure	33	
3.4.2.3 Measuring pressure	33	
3.4.3 Stress and strain	35	
3.4.3.1 Details of the Stress-strain graph		37
3.4.3.2 Elastic moduli	37	
3.4.3.3 Tensile Stress	38	
3.5 Fluid	39	
3.5.1 Describing a fluid	39	
3.5.1.1 Chemical composition	40	
3.5.1.2 Viscosity		40
3.5.1.3. Equation of state	40	
3.5.2 Hydrostatic fluids	40	
3.5.3 Pascal's Principles	41	
3.5.4 Pressure within Static fluids	41	
3.5.4.1 Weight	41	
3.6 Fluid dynamics	42	
3.6.1 General characteristic of fluid flow	42	
3.6.1.1 Continuity equation	43	
3.6.1.2 Bernoulli's equation	44	
3.6.1.3 Application of the energy equation	44	
3.6.2 Stream line flow and turbulent	45	
3.6.2.1 Flow resistance for a tube	45	
3.6.3 Some characteristics of Gases	47	
3.6.3.1 Oxygen	47	
3.6.3.2 Carbon dioxide	47	
3.6.3.3 Nitrogen	48	
3.6.3.4 Helium		48
3.6.3.5 The gas laws		48
3.6.4 Gas exchange	49	
3.6.4.1 Diffusion	49	
3.7 Physics of light	52	
3.7.1 The nature of light	52	
3.7.2 Speed of light	53	
3.8 Physics of sound	56	
3.8.1 Sound	56	
3.8.2 Units and Scales	57	
3.8.3 Sound Intensity	57	
3.8.4 Decibels	58	

3.9 Energy and Work	59
3.9.1 Energy	59
3.9.2 Mechanical energy	59
3.9.2.1 Potential energy	60
3.9.2.2 Gravitational potential energy	60
3.9.2.3 Kinetic energy	61
3.9.3 Work	61
3.9.3.1 Equilibrium	62
3.9.3.2 Work energy theorem	62
3.9.4 Conservation of energy principles	62
3.9.5 Power	63
3.9.6 Conversion	64
3.9.7 The energetic of running	65
Chapter four	67
4 physics applied to human body	67
4.1 Introduction	67
4.2 Physics of skeletal and muscular system	68
4.2.1 Skeletal system (Muscle).	68
4.2.2 Classification of muscle	68
4.2.3 Mechanical properties of muscle	69
4.2.4 Electrical properties of bone	70
4.3 Muscle forces involving levers	70
4.3.1 Muscles and levers	71
4.4 How forces affect the body	71
4.4.1 Equilibrium and stability	72
4.4.2 Effects of gravity on the body	72
4.4.3 Effects of acceleration on body	72
4.5 Muscular efficiency	73
4.6 Blood pressure	73
4.6.1 Blood pressure measurement	74
4.6.2 Hydrostatic factor	75
4.7 Blood flow	76
4.7.1 Factor affecting resistance to flow	77
4.7.2 Factors affect ventilation	78
4.8 Application of Bernoulli equation	79
4.9 Cardiac output	79
4.9.1 Arterio Venous Oxygen difference	80
4.10 Light and vision	80
4.10.1 Rods and cones	80

4.10.2 Sensitivity of the eye	80	
4.10.3 optical defect of the eye	82	
4.11 Physics of the human ear	84	
4.11.1 How the human ear works	84	
4.11.2 Perception of sound waves	85	
4.11.3 Frequency response to the ear	85	
4.11.4 Sound analysis	86	
4.11.5 Levels of hearing loss	86	
4.11.5.1 Noise induce hearing loss	87	
4.11.6 Heart sounds	87	
Chapter Five	88	
5 Conclusion and Recommendation	88	
5.1 Conclusion.		88
5.2 Recommendation	90	
References		91

Appendix

List of Abbreviations

Symbol	Quantity
A	Area
v	Velocity, speed
a	Acceleration
t	Time
ρ	Density
m	Mass
p	Pressure
h	Height, depth
g	Acceleration of gravity
F	Force
τ	Torque
σ	Stress
ϵ	Strain
Y	Young's Modulus
σ_s	Shear stress
S	Shear Modulus
w	Work
l	Distance, length
P	Power
P_E	Potential energy
K_E	Kinetic energy
W	Weight
T	Tension
λ	Wavelength
κ	Wave number
Φ_i	Angle of incidence
Φ_r	Angle of reflection
n	Index of refraction
c	Speed of light
D	Refractive power (diopters)
f	Focal length
s_o	Distance of object from lens
s	Distance of image from lens

h_i	Height of image
h_o	Height of object
M	Magnification
T	Temperature
η	Viscosity
dB	Decibel relative
V	Volume
r	Radius
k	Spring constant