SUDAN UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COLLEGE OF POST GRADUATE STUDIES Center of Peace Culture & Studies

This thesis is submitted to obtain (M.A) degree in peace studies.

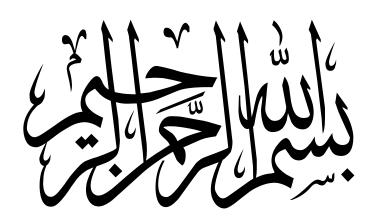
The Role of Peace in Development of Djibouti Society.

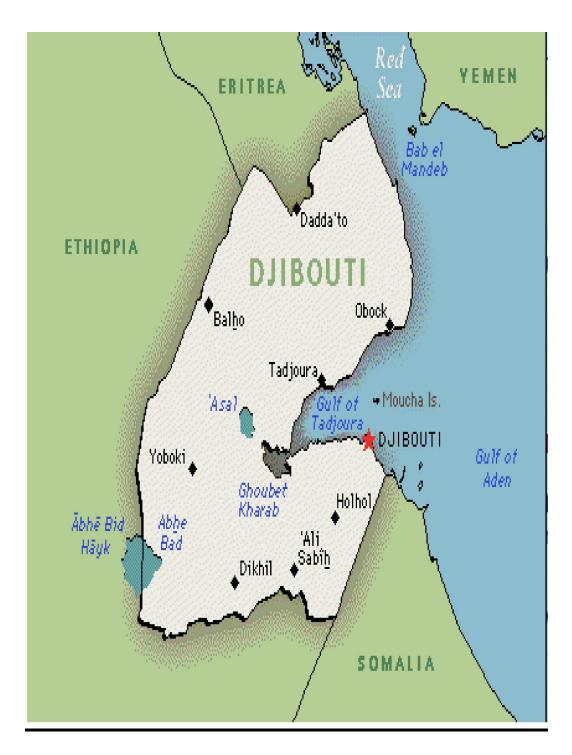
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Map of Djibouti

DEDICATION

This effort is dedicated to my **father**, **mother** and my sisters **Zainab** and **Dega** who always help me in order to achieve my objectives. To all with great love and respect.

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I would like to express and convey my best reward graduate and acknowledgement to my supervisor **Dr Abdirahman Eltayib** for his advice, valuable remarks, kind helps and patient supervision encouragement in this research. Also I convey warm respect reward and acknowledgement to **Dr Haji Aba** the head of department who stood behind my complete successfulness to my objective I also would like to convey my acknowledgement to my friend **Dr Mohamed Osman** who kindly helped me, I also convey my best respect to **professor Abu Al Qassim Gore** who gave me good advice, also my best regards and wishes to professor Sulaiman Yahia who helped me to write suitable the proposal of this research. Also best regards to my brother **Ahmad Sheikh Hassan** who helped me. Finally I convey my acknowledgement to my all teachers, friends and staff of the department center for peace culture and studies also at the Sudan University of science and Technology for gives me the chance to these masters. Also best wishes all the Liberian which facilitated me this research.

Abstract:

- Although information, literature and statistic data on plan implementation of Djibouti are rare and meager, however a hard effort has been made by the researcher to collect readings as much as possible, analyze them and hence try to discuss and identify the causes and limitations that led to some failure of the implementation of the development plans to meet the objectives and targets.
- The main concern of this study is to deal with and evaluate how the peace play vital role prior to Djibouti independency and try to find out which problems that facing planning programs.
- Looking to the history of Djibouti development it is found that some deficiency in the implementation capacities were becoming a main limiting factors in achieving the hoping development.
- The lessons learnt from the past planning experience of Djibouti indicate that the implementation process has to be well planned for in the formulation state of every development plan, program or project. In addition, the role of the administrative, political, economical and financial as well as social, cultural and other environmental factors should be taken in consideration so as to try to overcome the implementation difficulties.
- Importance of the research the researcher focuses to know the obstacles which behind the failure of the plan implementation since independence. And how to encourage to put new plan in order to pass the obstacles which stopped the development of Djibouti.

ملخص:

- بالرغم من شح وضعف المعلومات المراد الحصول عليها من خلال الدراسات السابقة والبيانات الاحصائية في مجال خطط ووسائل تنفيذ التتمية في دولة جيبوتي الا ان اهمية هذه الدراسة تمكن في دعم الجهود المبذولة في جمع المعلومات والقراءات المطلوبة تحليلها ومناقشتها ومن ثم التعرف على الاسباب والمعوقات التي افضت الى بعض الفشل في وسائل تنفيذ خطط التتمية للحصول على الأهداف المرجوة، ذلك بغرض تلا فيها وطرح حلول أخرى بديلة عنها.
- اختصت هذه الدراسة بتناول وتقييم الدور الذي لعبه السلام عقب الاستقلال وهي تهدف إلى تقصي المعوقات التي واجهت برنامج التنيمة في جيبوتي.
- ا بالنظر الى تاريخ التنمية في جيبوتي وجد ان العجز في الطاقات التنفيذية هي من الاسباب الرئيسة في حد من تحقيق التنمية المأمولة.
- ان الدروس المأخوذة من التجربة التنموية الجيبونية السابقة تؤشر إلى أن وسائل العملية التنفيذية برمتها بجب ان تكون محكمة التخطيط والصياغة في كل مجالات التنمية الشاملة للبرابح والمشاريع وكذلك الدور الاداري السياسي والاقتصادي والاجتماعي والثقافي مع الأخذ في الإعتبار العوامل البيئية الأخرى المحيطة وذلك كله في محاولة لتجاوز العقبات في وسائل التنفيذ.
- لأهمية هذا البحث الباحث تركز لمعرفة العقبات التي وراء الفشل، خطط لتنفيذ التتمية، وتشجيع لوضع خطط الجديدة لأجل تجاوز العقبات التي تعيق التنمية الجيبوتية.

CONSTRUCTION OF THE RESEARCH:

The research consists of Six Chapters and organized as follows:

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