الآيَةُ

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

{ يَرْفَعِ اللهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُم و الَّذِينَ اوتُوا العِلْمَ دَرَجَاتٍ }

صَدَقَ اللهُ العَظِيم

(سورة المجادلة الآية ١١)

Dedication

To my family,

To everyone who supported me,

I dedicate this work

Acknowledgements

Thanks firstly and finally to ALLAH ALMIGHTY for blessing and giving me the power to complete this research.

I would like to express my appreciation to volunteers in this study, Doctors on their response, my supervisor Dr. **Abdullah Musa Abdallah Mohamed** for his patience and advices. Extended appreciation to my family and friends for their support.

Abstract

Liver is vital organs in the human body, it's responsible of producing a number of hormones and enzymes besides storing several vitamins and when it gets sick this may affect the blood cells indicators.

This is a case control study conducted in Ibn Sina Hospital in Khartoum State, Al Sahafa District in the period from October 2019 to February 2020. It aimed to find out the effect of chronic liver disease on the complete blood count.

The study included 100 individuals, 50 individuals were infected with chronic liver disease and the other 50 individuals were seemingly healthy as a control group, patients' data were taken through an organized questionnaire, blood samples were collected in EDTA container, complete blood count was measured via Sysmex XP300 device, data and results were analyzed using SPSS version 16.0

The study showed that there was a statistical reduction in the average count of red blood cells (RBC), the average concentration of HGB, the average volume of packed RBC's (HCT) and the mean corpuscular volume (MCV) as well as the P value = (0.00) respectively. Likewise, the study figured out that there was a reduction in the average count of platelets (PLT) and the mean packed platelets' volume (PCT) as well as the P value = (0.00) for both tests, conversely, the study found out that there was a statistical increase in the mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC) and the P value = (0.04), whereas no statistical difference was found in the mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH) where the P value = (0.44) and the mean platelets volume (MPV) where the P value = (0.33) as well as the average of white blood cells (WBC) where the P value = (0.66)

This study concluded that chronic liver disease has an effect on red blood cells, hemoglobin, hematocrit, platelet count, plateletcrit, MCV and MCHC, and no difference on WBC, MCH, and MPV.

مستخلص الدراسة

يعتبر الكبد عضو ذو أهمية حيوية كبيرة في جسم الإنسان فهو ينتج عددا من الهورمونات والإنزيمات ويخزن عدة فيتامينات ومرضه قد يؤثر على مؤشرات خلايا الدم.

هذه دراسة مقارنة أجريت في مستشفى ابن سينا ولاية الخرطوم -منطقة الصحافة ، في الفترة من أكتوبر ٢٠١٩ وحتى فبراير ٢٠٢٠، هدفت لمعرفة تأثير مرض الكبد المزمن على تعداد الدم الكلى .

شملت الدراسة ١٠٠ فرد ، ٥٠ منهم مصابون بمرض الكبد المزمن تم تشخيصهم سلفا ، و ٥٠ منهم أصحاء ظاهريا كمجموعة ضابطة. أخذت بيانات المرضى عن طريق إستبيان منظم وجمعت عينات الدم المسحوبة لهم في وعاء EDTA. تم قياس تعداد الدم الكامل للمجموعتين بواسطة جهاز 300-sysmex XP. خُللت البيانات والنتائج بإستخدام برنامج الحزمة الإحصائية للعلوم الإجتماعية (٩٠٠ SPSS version ١٦٠٠).

أظهرت الدراسة نقصان ذو دلالة إحصائية في متوسط تعداد كريات الدم الحمراء (RBC) ومتوسط تركيز الهيموقلوبين (HGB) ومتوسط حجم الكريات المكدسة (HCT)، ومتوسط حجم الكرية (MCV)، وقيمة P المطلقة = (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00) وزيادة ذات دلالة إحصائية في متوسط التركيز لهيمو غلوبين الكرية (MCHC) وقيمة P المطلقة = (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00) ذو دلالة إحصائية في متوسط هيمو غلوبين الكرية (MCHC) ، حيث كانت قيمة P المطلقة = (0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00)

P كما أظهرت الدراسة نقصان في متوسط تعداد الصفائح الدموية (PLT)، ومتوسط حجم الصفائح المكدسة (PCT)، وقيمة P المطلقة = (0.00) لهما)، ولم يوجد فرق ذو دلالة إحصائية في متوسط حجم الصفائح الدموية (MPV)، حيث كانت قيمة P المطلقة = (0.33) لم تظهر الدراسة فرقا ذو دلالة إحصائية في متوسط خلايا الدم البيضاء (WBC)، حيث كانت قيمة P المطلقة = (0.66).

خلصت هذه الدراسة الى تأثر قيم تعداد كريات الدم الحمراء والهيمو غلوبين وحجم كريات الدم المكدسة ومتوسط حجم الكرية ومتوسط التركيز لهيمو غلوبين الخلية وتعداد صفائح الدم ومتوسط حجم الصفائح المكدسة.

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List of Abbreviations

A-1AT Alfa-1 antitrypsin

ACLF Acute on chronic liver failure

AFP Alpha fetoprotein

AIH Autoimmune hepatitis

ALD Acute liver disease

ALP Alkaline amino transferase

ALT Alanine amino transferase

APTT Activated partial thromboplastin

AST Aspartate amino trnsferase

CBC Complete blood count

CIRR Cirrhosis

CLD Chronic liver disease

EDTA Ethyline diamine tetra acidic acid

ESLD End stage liver disease

GGT Gamma Glutamyle Transferase

HAV Hepatitis A-virus

HBsAg Hepatitis B serves antigen

HBV Hepatitis B-virus

HCC Hepatocellular carcinoma

HCV Hepatitis C-virus

HCT Hematocrit

HGB Hemoglobin

MCH Mean corpuscular hemoglobin

MCHC Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration

MCV Mean corpuscular volume

MPV Mean platelet volume

NAFLD Non alcoholic fatty liver disease

NLAHS Nonalcoholicsteatohepatitis

NTP Nucleotidase

PBC Primary biliary cirrhosis

PCT platletcrit

PLT Platelet

PSC Primary sclerosing cholangitis

PT Prothrombin time

RBC Red blood cells

SPSS Statistical package for social sciences

TPO Thrombopoietin

WBC White blood cells

WD Wilson's disease