### **DECLARATION**

I, Usman Yusuf Muhammad hereby declared	I that this thesis was written by me
and that it is the record of my research work	c carried out in Bauchi-Nigeria. This
report has not been presented anywhere b	pefore in any previous application
for higher degree and that citations made	therein from published literatures
have been duly acknowledged.	
YUSUF, Usman Muhammad	
	Signature and Date
The above declaration is confirmed by	
The above declaration is confirmed by:	
The Supervisor:	
Dr. Abdelatif Mokhtar Ahmed	
	Signature and Date

# **CERTIFICATION**

I certify that	this The	esis is the orig	inal worl	k done b	y Yusuf Usm	nan M	uham	mad
of the Colle	ege of I	Postgraduate	Studies,	Sudan	University	of Sc	ience	and
Technology	(SUST),	Khartoum-Su	ıdan, un	der my	supervision	and	has	been
approved fo	r accepta	ance.						
SUPERVISOR	R:							
Dr. Abdelati	if Mokht	ar Ahmed						
				Si	gnature and	Date		

### **DEDICATION**

This research work is dedicated to my late parents:

Malam Yusuf Muhammad and

Malama A'ishah Yusuf Muhammad of the blessed memory.

May Allah (SWT) shower His Mercy and grant them Jannatul-Firdaws. Allahumma Agfirhuma wa Arhamhuma.

## **QUATATION**

"And Allah has created every animal from water: of them there are some that creep on their bellies; some that walk on two legs; and some that walk on four.

Allah creates what He wills for verily Allah has power over all things."

Quran: Suratun Nur, Verse 45

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### المستخلص

الغرض من هذ االبحث هو تقييم نوعية المياه لبعض الآبا رالمحفورة باليد المختارة والتي تقع بلقر ب من مقالب النفايات في أجزاء من العاصمة باوتشي. ستحد د نوعية مصا د رالمياه مد ي ملاء متها للعمل كمصا د رجيدة لمياه الشرب أوغيرذلك. تم جمع عشرين عينة مياه في مايو وتم تحليلهامن أجل الخواص الفيزيا ئية والكيميا ئية والميكروبية. تم استخدام الجداول والرسوم البيانية لعرض البيانات. تشير النتيجة التي تم الحصول عليها إلى أن القيمة المتوسطة لكل معلمة كانت ضمن المعايير التي حددها المعيار الصناعي النيجيري في المعيار النيجيري لجودة مياه الشرب. على الرغم من قربها من مقالب القمامة ، يبدو أن مصادر المياه التي تم أخذ عينات منها ليست لها أي مشكلة في أي من العوامل الفيزيائية التي تم فحصها . تم تحديد تركيزات تسعة كاتيونات (الصوديوم والكالسيوم والمغنيسيوم والحديد والرصاص والزرنيخ والزنك والنحاس والأمونيوم) وكانت قيمها الوسطية ، باستثناء الكالسيوم والمغنيسيوم والأمونيوم ، ضمن المستويات المسموح بها من قبل النيجيريين المعيار الصناعي. الكالسيوم له قيمة 167 ملجم/ لتر مقابل المستوى الأقصى المسموح به وهو 75 ملجم / لتر بينما يحتوى المغنيسيوم على 77.35 ملجم / لتر مقابل الحد الأقصى المسموح به وهو 20 ملجم / لتر. كانت القيم المتوسطة لهاتين الكاتيونات أعلى من المستويات القصوى المسموح بها لكل منهما. كما تم تحديد تركيزات السبعة أنيونات (كلوريد ، فلوريد ، نترات ، نتريت ، سلفات ، بيكربونات وفوسفات). كانت القيم المتوسطة للكلوريد والفلورايد والكبريتات ضمن المستويات القصوى المسموح بها. القيم المتوسطة للنترات والنترات هي 50.21 ملجم/ لتر و 1.01 ملجم/ لتر على التوالى ، وهي أعلى من المستويات المسموح بها. القلويات الكلية ، والصلابة الكلية ، وتركيزات الفوسفات والبيكربونات تعنى أيضًا أعلى من المستويات القصوى المسموح بها. القيم المتوسطة للبكتيريا القولونية الكلية والبرازية هي 10.45cfu/100ml و 2.8cfu/100ml على التوالي. في حين أن القيمة المتوسطة لمجموع القولونيات الكلية أعلى قليلاً من الحد الأقصى المسموح به و هو 10cfu/100ml فإن القيمة المتوسطة للبكتريا القولونية 2.8cfu/100ml مقابل الحد الأقصى المسموح به و هو 0.0cfu/100ml . هنا ك مؤشر على أن مصادر المياه قيد التحقيق قد تلوثت مؤخرًا وقد تسبب أمر اضًا تنقلها المياه.

#### **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this research is to assess the water quality of some selected hand-dug wells situated close to refuse dumps in parts of Bauchi metropolis. Quality of the water sources will determine their suitability to serve as good sources of potable water or otherwise. Twenty water samples were collected in May 2018 and were analysed for physical, chemical and microbial parameters. Tables and charts were used for data presentation. Result obtained indicates that each of the physical parameters' mean value was within the standards set by the Nigeria Industrial Standard in the Nigerian Standard for Drinking Water Quality. Despite their proximity to refuse dumps, the water sources sampled appear to have no issues with any of the physical parameters investigated. Nine cations' (Na<sup>+</sup>, Ca<sup>+2</sup>, Mg<sup>+2</sup>, Fe<sup>+2</sup>, Pb<sup>+2</sup>, Zn<sup>+2</sup>, Cu<sup>+2</sup>, As<sup>+3</sup> and NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) concentrations were determined and their mean values, with the exception of Calcium and Magnesium, were within the maximum permissible levels set by the Nigeria Industrial Standard. Calcium has mean value of 167.45mg/l against the maximum permissible level (mpl) of 75mg/l while Magnesium has 77.35mg/l against the maximum permissible level of 20mg/l. Mean values for these two cations were higher than their respective maximum permissible levels. Seven anions' (Cl<sup>-</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>, SO<sub>4</sub><sup>-2</sup>, HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> and PO<sub>4</sub>-) concentrations were also determined. The mean values of Chloride, Fluoride, Sulphate and Ammonia are within the maximum permissible levels. The mean values for Nitrate and Nitrite were 50.21mg/l and 1.01mg/l respectively which are higher than their respective maximum permissible Total Hardness, Total Alkalinity, Phosphate and Bicarbonate concentrations' mean values were also higher than their respective maximum permissible levels. The mean values for Total and Faecal Coliform were 10.45cfu/100ml and 2.8cfu/100ml respectively. While the mean value for Total Coliform was slightly higher than maximum permissible level of 10cfu/100ml, the mean value for Faecal Coliform of 2.8cfu/100ml against the maximum permissible level of 0.00cfu/100ml is rather high. This is an indication that the water sources under investigation were recently contaminated and may cause water borne diseases.

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