الآية

قال تعالي:

[وَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيكِ الْكِتابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَعَلَّمَكَ مَالَمْ تَكُنْ تَعْلَمُ وَكَانَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكَ عَظِيمًا]

سورة النساء الآية (113)

DEDICATION

To my father

To my mother

Tomy husband and my children

To my brothers, sisters and friends

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, thanks to ALMIGHTY ALLAH who helped me throughout this study.

Special thanks and gratitude extended to Dr. Hind Haidar Ahmed whohas been ideal supervisor her advice, aided in writing this study.

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ABSTRACT

This was descriptive cross-sectional study conducted at Wad-Madani Maternity Hospital and Dr. Altigani Sedeeg Fertility Center AL-Gezira state during the period from April to August 2018. This study aimed to detect the frequency of HSV-2 IgG and IgM among pregnant women by using ELISA technique and to evaluate possible association between HSV and age, trimester, and history of abortion. Blood sample was collected from each participant and then serum was obtained. Ninety-two pregnant women were included in the study. Out of them 46 (50%) their age from 15-24 years, 35(38.04%) from 25-34 years and 11(11.96%) from 35-44 years. Considering the gestation trimester of participants 75(81.5%) were in first trimester, 17(18.5%) were in second trimester. Pregnant women with history of abortion 43(46.7%) and pregnant women without history of abortion 49(53.3%). The sera were examined for the presence of IgM/IgG using (ELISA). The study showed that the frequency of HSV-2 IgMamong pregnant women was (38%) while IgG was (97.8%). Higher frequency showed in pregnant women with age group 15-24 year for IgM13(37.14%)/IgG45(50%). The seropositivity of HSV-2 IgM among pregnent women in first trimester were 26(34.6%) for 75(100%) for IgG. Pregnant women with history abortion19(44.2%) for IgM and 43(100%) for IgG while 16(32.6%) for IgM and 47(96%) for IgG were pregnant women without history of abortion. In this study, there is no association between HSV-2 (IgM and IgG) seropositivity with age, trimester & a history of abortion. Further studies with larger sample size are required to confirm these results.

المستخلص

هذه دراسة وصفيه مقطعية أجريت في مستشفى ود مدنى ومركزد. التجاني صديق للخصوبة بولاية الجزيرة خلال الفترة من ابريل الى اغسطس2018. هدفت هذه الدراسةلتحديد تردد فيروس الحلأ البسيط النوع الثاني بين النساء الحوامل وتقييم العلاقة بين الإصابة بالفيروس والعمر، فصل الحمل وتاريخ الإجهاض.

شملت الدراسة 92 مشاركه من النساء الحوامل ، 64(50%) من النساء الحوامل كانت اعمارهن من 15-24 سنه،35(41,96%) كانت اعمارهن من 15-24 سنه و11(96,11%) كانت اعمارهن من 15-44 سنه،144(4,00%) كانت اعمارهن من 15-44سنه. بالنسبه لأشهر الحمل كان هناك 75(81%) من النساء الحوامل في الثلث الأول من الحمل و77(5,18%) في الثلث الثاني من الحمل. من بين النساء الحوامل كان هناك 46,70%) لديهن اجهاض سابق و94(5,33%) لم يكن لديهن اجهاض سابق. تم جمع عينات الدم من كل مشاركه وبعد ذلك تم الحصول على المصل وفحص الغلوبولين لفيروس الحلا البسيط باستخدام الانزيم المناعي المرتبط (ELISA). أظهرت الدراسة ان نسبه انتشار فيروس الحلا البسيط بين النساء الحوامل (97.8%) الغلوبيولين المناعي 1gG (98%) الغلوبيولين المناعي 1gM من بين النتائج الإيجابية بين الحوامل ظهر ارتفاع تردد فيروس الحلا البسيط في النساء الحوامل في الفئه العمرية 12-24 سنه 13(7,14%) IgM و 45 (0,5%) IgM(334.6) وجد ان النتائج الإيجابية في النساء الحوامل في الثلث الأول من الحمل 1gG(%34.6) الهالي 1gM و75(100%) IgM و 1gG(%100) المحل 1gG(%44.2) البسيط النوع الثاني 1gG IgG IgM مع العمر، اشهر الحمل و تاريخ الإجهاض. يلزم اجراء البسيط النوع الثاني 1gG IgG IgM مع العمر، اشهر الحمل و تاريخ الإجهاض. يلزم اجراء دراسات مستقبليه بحجم عينه أكبر لتأكيد هذه النتائج.

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LIST OFABBREVIATION

Abbreviation	Full name
AIDS	Acquired immuno deficiency syndrome
CSF	Cerebro spinal fluid
CPE	Cyto-pathic effect
DFA	Direct fluorescent antiboby
DNA	Deoxyribo Nucleic Acid
ELISA	Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay
Gg	Glycoprotein G
HIV	Human Immuno Deficiency Virus
HSV	Herpes Simplex Virus
ICTV	Internal Committee on Taxonomy of Virus
IgG	Immunoglobulin G
IgM	Immunoglobulin M
LAT	Latency Associated Transcript
ORFs	Open Reading Frames
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction
TORCH	Toxoplasma gondi, Others, Rubella, Cytomegalovirus
	and Herpes simplex virus
UL	Long Unique
US	Short Unique
WB	Western Blot