

Sudan University of Science and Technology College of Animal Production Science and Technology



Department of Fisheries and Wildlife Science

Survey on Protozoa Parasites load *Bagrus bayed*Collected from Jebal Aulia Dam

مسح الطفيليات الأولية لأسماك البياض العادي في خزان جبل أؤلياء

A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement of the B.Sc.Degree in Fisheries and Wildlife Science (Honor)

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Quran

وهُوَ الذي سَخَّرَ الْبَحْرَ لَتَأْكُلُوا مِنْهُ لَحْمًا طَرِيًّا وَتَسْتَخْرِجُوا مِنْهُ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا وَتَرَى الْفُلْكَ مَوَاخِرَ فِيهِ وَلَتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَلَعَلْكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ)

سورة النحل (الاية 14)

DEDICATION

To our mothers for their encouragements .

To our fathers for their continuous encouragement and blessing and to whom we are always indebted.

To our brothers, sisters, relatives and friends for supporting us.

To all whom we love...

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Our greatest thanks first to Allah almighty the most merciful who gave us the health, strength and patience to conduct this study.

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Finally our thanks go to ours colleagues, relatives and friends for standing and encourage us.

Abstract

The aim of this study is to conduct a general survey on external (skin and gill) and internal protozoan parasites in intestine, liver, kidney, spleen and gonads of *Bagrus bayad* collected from Jebel Aulia Dam. This study was conducted at Department of Fisheries Science and Wildlife, College of Animal Production Science and Technology, Sudan University of Science and technology during the period May to June 2016. Atotal of 16 samples of Bagrus Bayad were collected from Jebel Aulia dam during the summer season. The result obtained from this study showed that (*Bagrus bayad*) fish did not show any significant external lesion or abnormality. The result also revealed *Trichodina spp, Cryptobia spp, Hemoggarine spp, Chilodonella spp and Icththyobodo sp* from idenlyied species. All the results were analysied by SPSS version 16 by using descriptive statistics to determine the percentage and prevalence of parasite represented by tables and figures.

Keywords: parasites, protozoa. Density, Bagrus bayed

الخلاصة

أجريت الدراسة الحالية بمعمل الاسماك قسم علوم الاسماك و الحياة البرية كلية علوم و تكنولوجيا الانتاج الحيواني بجامعة السودان للعلوم و التكنولوجيا لتحديد مدي الاصابة و انتشار الطفيليات الاوليه في اسماك البياض العادي (Bagrus bayad) التي تم جمعها من خزان جبل أؤلياء بولاية الخرطوم. تم جمع عدد ستة عشر عينة من اسماك البياض العادي في فصل الصيف خلال الفترة من يوليو الي مارس 2016م للتعرف علي الطفيليات الاولية. أظهرت النتائج التي تم الحصول عليها ان البياض العادي (Bagrus bayad) تظهر عليه اعراض خارجي كبيرة او غير طبيعية وايضا أوضحت النتائج أن اكثر الاوليات وجودا هي Cryptobia spp, Hemoggarine spp, Chilodonella spp and Icththyobodo sp البيانات المتحصل عليها تم تحليلها بواسطه برنامج SPSS اصدا ر 16 باستخدام احصاء الوصفي بسيط لتحديد نسبة الاصابة و معدل انتشار الطفيليات في أسماك البياض العادي.

الكلمات المفتاحية: الطفيليات، الأوليات، الكثافة، البياض العادي.

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