

Acknowledgements

Praise be to Allah who gave me the strength and patience to conduct this research .

I would like to express my gratitude to my supervisor.

Prof. Mohamed Abdelsalam Abdallah for his kind help and advice during the whole study.

Special appreciation to the Sudan University of Science and Technology for valuable support.

Special thanks to Nagwa for her excellent technical assistance in the Lab.

My thank are extended to all members of Microbiology Section for providing good media.

Acknowledgement is due to Department of Veterinary Preventive Medicine and Public Health , College of Veterinary Medicine , Sudan University of Science and Technology for supporting this research.

I will not forget to express my thanks and sincere gratitude to my wife Dr. Maha Mubarak who help and support me in this thesis.

Dedication

**To the soul of my father and mother (may be merciful
to them) who dedicated all their efforts to my best.**

To my wife Dr. Maha

To my beloved(sons and daughters)

I dedicate this work.

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Sudan University of Science and Technology College
of Graduate Studies

Studies on *Salmonella spp.* and *Escherichia coli* Contamination
in Poultry Meat Carcasses at an Automatic Slaughter house in
Khartoum State . Sudan

دراسة في تلوث نبات الدواجن اللحم ببكتيريا السالمونيلا و البكتيريا القولونية في مجزر آلي
للدواجن اللحم بولاية الخرطوم - السودان

A thesis Submitted to the College of Graduate Studies in the
fulfillment of the Requirement of Attaining Master of Science in
Veterinary Preventive Medicine and Public Health

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October 2015

ملخص الاطروحة

الهدف من الدراسة معرفة التلوث البكتيري في لحوم الدواجن بالسالمونيلا والبكتيريا القولونية في المجزر الالى .

جمعت ستون عينة (مسحات) من عمليات ذبيح لحوم الدواجن ، وهي ايادي العمال ، نتف الريش ، تفريغ الاشلاء ، بعد الغسيل ، بعد التبريد و بعد التغليف . تم عزل والتعرف على بكتيريا السالمونيلا والبكتيريا القولونية في كل مرحلة من المراحل السته.

اعلى معدل لمستوي التلوث كما قيس بواسطة العد الكلي البكتيري بسبب السالمونيلا في عدد ست عينات مرحله نتف الريش نسبة تلوثها 11,11% و البكتيريا القولونية نسبة تلوثها في نفس المرحلة 3.71%

بينما وجد اقل معدل للتلوث في مرحلة ما بعد التبريد . ووجد هنالك فروق معنوية لقيمة $p \leq 0.05$ للتلوث في المراحل السته

واوضحت النتائج ان بكتيريا السالمونيلا والبكتيريا القولونية موجودة بمجزر الدواجن الالى مما يؤثر في سلامة وجودة لحوم الدواجن . التطبيق الصحيح لنظام تحليل المخاطر والتحكم في النقاط الحرجة يقلل من التلوث البكتيري لهذه المجازر.

