

Dedication

I dedicate this work to my Dad soul that will be with me every time every where, my Mam may Allah keep her save and happy always, and my lovely family

Acknowledgment

Deep thanks and appreciate to my smart teacher who support me all time durig this study Dr. Mohamed Elfadil

Also deep thanks to my teacher, for his more help Dr. Mohamed Ahmed

More thanks to Dr. Karoleen, Dr Hussein Ahmed and Dr.Yousif Mohamed

Thanks to our colleeges in college and hospitals for their help

Thanks to everybody helped me to collected data and finished this work

Abstract

The main objective of this study was to estimate dose received by sensitive organs in cervical carcinoma irradiation, out of 200 patients referred to Radiation and Isotopes Center of Khartoum (RICK), that patients received a radical radiotherapy course for stage I and II without hematologic spread. The collected variables were the organs position and depth, patient's separations, equivalent field size, percentage depth dose DD% and back scatter factor. The graphs and correlation were carried out using EXCELL software under windows and the analysis of results showed that: the bladder, cervix and rectum were situated parallel to each other from anterior to posterior respectively and they have linear correlation in depth wise with patient separation.

The result of this study showed that the average dose received by OAR 'bladder, rectum, and head of femur', were 4611 ± 400.3 , 4449 ± 553.7 and 4611 ± 439.7 respectively.

المستخلص

الهدف الاساسي لهذه الدراسة هو تقدير الجرعة الاشعاعية الممتصة بواسطة الاعضاء الحرجة داخل الحقل الاشعاعي في حالة علاج سرطان عنق الرحم في مراحلہ الاولى علاجا اشعاعيا جذريا من الخارج. مئتان مريض خضعوا لهذه الدراسة، ولقد تم اجراء الدراسة بالمركز القومي للعلاج بالاشعة والطب النووي الخرطوم 2013.

وعليه استنادا للمتغيرات لعنق الرحم والاعضاء الحرجة من مئانة ومستقيم ومفصل الورك وباستخدام (اكسل) تم الحصول على رسومات وعلاقات، والنتيجة اوضحت ان المئانة وعنق الرحم والمستقيم وهي اعضاء متوازية من حيث الموقع من الامام الى الخلف على التوالي بان هناك علاقة خطية بين عمق العضو وحجم المريض. وكان متوسط الجرعة الممتصة بواسطة المئانة والمستقيم ومفصل الورك علي التوالي كالاتي وهو في حدود الجرعة المسموح بها مقارنة بالدراسات السابقة. $4611 \pm 400.3\text{cGy}$, $4449 \pm 553.7\text{cGy}$ and $4611 \pm 439.7\text{cGy}$.

List of contents

1. Dedication	i
2. Acknowledgement	ii
3. Abstract (English)	iii
4. Abstract (Arabic)	iv
5. List of contents	v
1. Introduction	1
1.1. cervical cancer	
1.2.1. Radiation therapy of cervical carcinoma	2
1.3. Problem of the study	5
1.4. Objectives	5
1.4.1. The specific objectives.....	5
1.5. Significant of the study	5
1.6. The overview of Study.....	6
2. Literature Review.....	7
3. Methodology	28
3.1. Materials	28
3.2. Methods	28
3.2.1. The population	28
3.2.2. Inclusion criteria	28
3.2.3. Exclusion criteria	29
3.3. Study duration.....	29
3.4. Study area.....	29
3.5. Variables of the study	29
3.6. Data collection variables.....	29
3.7. Method of data collection	29
3.8. Method of data analysis	29
3.9. Ethical issues.....	29
4. Results.....	30
5. Discussion, Conclusion and Recommendations	35

5.1.Discussion	35
5.2.Conclusion	38
5.3.Recommendations.....	38
6. References.....	47