الأية

:द्याका निव

(اللهُ نوسُ السَمَاوَاتِ وَالْأُمْنَ مَّ مَثَلُ نُوسِ وَحَمِشْكَاةً فِيهَا مِصْبَاحُ فِي الْمِصْبَاحُ فِي اللهُ نُوسُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَاللَّمْ الْمُ مَثَلُ وَحَبُّ دُرِي يُّوقَدُ مِنْ شَجَرَةً مُبَامِكَةً بَرَيْتُونَةً مَنْ شَجَرَةً مُبَامِكَةً بَرَيْتُونَةً مَنْ شَجَرَةً مُبَامِكَةً بَرَيْتُونَةً لِيَا اللهُ ا

حدق الله العظيم سورة النور - الآية (35)

DEDICATION

To my motherMy first teacher

To my father My hero

To my brothers and sisters

To my friends

To all those unbelievable persons

I am trying to say thank you

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

First of all, thank to Allah who owed me with courage and ability accomplish this study.

Second, I am deeply thankful to Sudan University of Science and Technology which gave me the chance to conduct my study.

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Abstract

This is a descriptive retrospective study carried out in Ibn sena Hospital during the period between May to November 2014.

The study was aimed to detect CDX2 and HPV immunohistochemically and HPV16 using PCR in esophageal cancer among Sudanese patients.

Formalin fixed paraffin blocks from 30 patients previously diagnosed as esophageal tumors were included (20 of them with esophageal malignant tumor and 10 of them were benign) ,their age ranging from 8-98 years with mean age of 59.03 years old.

Two slides were taken from paraffin wax embedded blocks for CDX2 and HPV. One section was cut and placed in coated slide for immunohistochemistry and other sections (20μ) was cutted and puted in appendrof tube for detection of HPV by using PCR.

SPSS version 11.5 computer program was used to analyze the data, frequencies, means and Chi squaire test were calculated.

The study involved 30 subject twenty out of them were males(66.7%) and ten were females (33.3%) with ratio 1:2, in30 samples,4samples (13.3%) positive for CDX2 ,and 26 (86.7%) of them were negative.

Four positive samples CDX2 detected in malignant samples with no relation between CDX2 expression and type of tumor.

7samples (23.3%) were positive immunohistochemically for HPV, while 23(76.7%) were negative.

Out of 7 samples were positive for HPV by immunohistochemistry, 3 of them were positive for HPV16 by PCR with no relation between HPV infection and type of tumors.

The study conclude that, no association between CDX2 expression and HPV infection with type of esophageal tumors.

ملخص الأطروحة

أجريت هذه الدراسة الوصفية التراجعية مستشفى ابن سينا بالخرطوم خلال الفتر ة من مايو وحتى نوفمبر 2014.

هدفت الدراسة للكشف عن ارتباط الواسمة الورمية CDX2 وفيروس الورم الحليمى البشرى مع سرطان المريئ لدى المرضى السودانيين بإستخدام اختبار تقنية كيمياء الأنسجة المناعية وتفاعل البلمرة التسلسلي للكشف عن النوع 16(HPV16).

جمعت العينات من 30 قالباً (20 منهم كانوا مشخصين مسبقاً بأورام المريء و 10 منهم حالات ورم حميد) تراوحت عمار هم من 8-98سنه ، ومتوسط أعمارهم 59,03 سنه.

تم تجهيز شريحتين من كل عينة قطعت من قالب شمع البرافين وتم قطع نسيج من كل عينة في شريحة و تجهيزها للصبغ عن طريق كيمياء الأنسجة المناعية للكشف عن CDX2 و HPV وتم قطع مقطع (20μ) في ابنوب ابندورف للكشف عن وجود فيروس الورم الحليمي باستخدام تفاعل البلمر ة التسلسلي.

تم استخدام برنامج الحزم الإحصائية للعلوم الاجتماعية (SPSS) لتحليل البيانات ،وتم حساب الترددات،المتوسط واختبار مربع كاي.

من جملة 30 عينة، 20منهم كانوا نكوراً (66.7%)، و10 منهم كن إنالاً (33.3%) بمعدل 11:2.

من أصل 30 عينه 4عينات (13.3%) كانت نتيجتها ايجابية مع CDX2، و26عينة(86.7%) كانت سلبية.

أربع عينات ل CDX2 كانت نتيجتها ايجابية لعيات المرضى المشخصين بسرطان المريء ، ولم تكن هناك علاقة ارتباط بين إفراز CDX2 ونوعية الورم.

سبع عينات (23.3%) نتائجها كانت ايجابية لفيروس الورم الحليمي البشري باستخدام كيميائية الأنسجة المناعية و 76.7(%) عينة كانت سلبية.

من مجموع سبع عينات أعطت نتيجة ايجابيه لفيروس الورم الحليمي البشرى باستخدام كيميائية الأنسجة المناعية ،كانت منها 3 ايجابية للفيروس من النوع 16(HPV16)واسطة تفاعل البلمرة التسلسلي، ولم يكن هناك ارتباط بين الإصابة بفيروس الورم الحليمي البشرى ونوعية الورم.

خلصت الدراسة إلى انه لا توجد علاقة بين ظهور (CDX2)و الإصابة بفيروس الور م الحليمي البشرى معورًام المريء.

ABBREVIATIONS

ESC: Esophageal Cancer.

SCC: Squamous Cell Carcinoma.

ESCC: Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma.

HPV: Human Papilloma Virus.

PCR: Polymerase Chain Reaction.

ISH: Insitu Hybridisation.

CDX2: Caudal type Homeobox2.

GERD: Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease.

BE: Barrett's Esophagus.

HSV: Herpes Simplex Virus.

CMV: Cytomegalo Virus.

VZV: Varicella-Zoster Virus.

EBV: Epstein Barr Virus.

CT: Computed Tomographic.

PET: Positron Emission Tomography.

CBC: Complete Blood Count.

DPX: Distrene Plasticiser Xylene.

IHC: Immunohistochemistry.

DNA: Deoxy Ribo Nucleic Acid.

mRNA: messanger Ribo Nucleic Acid.

BP: Base Paire.

PBS: Phosphate Buffer Saline.

TBE: Tris-Borate EDTA buffer.

DAB: Diaminobenzidin tetrahydrochloride.

SPSS: Statistical Pakage for Social Science.

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