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Researcher

ABSTRACT

This study describes the mechanism of marketing of auction companies in Sudan (in Khartoum state); all auction companies in Sudan are using one bidding mechanism in all cases, which is an English auction bidding mechanism. However the study displayed how that auction companies are using the modern techniques (such as computers, internet, smart cards, and electronic cheques); we found just about 20% of these companies are using some of these techniques. Furthermore the study display the limitation of e-auction in Sudan, first of this limitation is infrastructure, weakness of technical culture, lack of support, lack of experience and research, e-payment, and legislations.

The case study of this research highlights the best practices for designing and building a generalized web-based auction system using UML (Unified Model Language) suitable to Auction Company in a local market in Sudan. We use the Use Case, Class, Sequence, and Activity Diagrams offered by UML for designing the system.

Finally, the study recommends auction companies in local market in Sudan to adopt and uses e-auction system that will be expand the local market place from national to international markets.

المستخلص

تهتم هذه الدراسة بعرض الاساليب والطرق والتقنيات المستخدمة في إدارة المزادات بالسودان تحديداً بولاية الخرطوم، حيث خلص الباحث الي أن كل شركات (وكلاء) المزادات بالسودان (في ولاية الخرطوم) تستخدم طريقة واحدة للمزايدة هي الطريقة الانجليزية في كل أو معظم الحالات، كما تهدف الدراسة من جانب آخر الي التعرف الي مدي إستخدام التقنيات الحديثة في إدارة المزادات بالسودان (مثل الحاسب الآلي، الانترنت، البطاقات الذكية، الشيكات الإلكترونية.. الخ) حيث خلصت الدراسة الي أن ٢٠% فقط من شركات المزادات تستخدم بعض هذه التقنيات. كما نجد أيضاً ان الدراسة قد وضحت مشاكل او معوقات إمكانية تطبيق مفهوم المزاد الإلكتروني بالسوق المحلي السوداني حيث تمثلت هذه المشاكل في البنية التحتية، حيث يحتاج المزاد الإلكتروني الي عدد من أجهزة الحواسيب الشخصية وخدمة أنترنت وبعض أجهزة الشبكة والاتصال مما يمثل عائقاً لبعض الشركات الصغيرة، أضف الي ذلك ضعف الثقافة التقنية للعاملين بالمزادات، كما لا يوجد دعم وتشجيع وبحوث علمية كافية تهدف الي تطوير السوق المحلي للمزادات والارتقاء به من المحلية الي العالمية.

دراسة الحالة لهذا البحث تهتم بتصميم وتطوير مزاد إلكتروني عام بإستخدام لغة النمذجة الموحدة (UML) يناسب شركات المزادات بالسودان، حيث تم إستخدام مخطط حالات الاستخدام، مخطط التتابع، مخطط النشاط، ومخطط الفئات في عملية تصميم النظام، حيث تتيح لغة النمذجة الموحدة إمكانية التعديل بسهولة عند أي تغيير لمتطلبات المستخدمين أو عند الحاجة الي إضافة وظائف جديدة للنظام.

أخيراً قدمت الدراسة بعض التوصيات لشركات المزادات بالسودان الي التوجه نحو إستخدام المزادات الإلكترونية وذلك لما توفره من مزايا عدة إهمها الارتقاء بسوق المزادات بالسودان نحو العالمية ومنافسة كبري شركات المزادات العالمية. كما قدمت الدراسة بعض التوصيات لجهات الاختصاص مثل وزارة التجارة الخارجية والهيئة القومية للإتصالات لتبني مثل هذه المشروعات التي تمثل نواة لنظام الحكومة الإلكترونية والتي تعتبر هدف قومي لحكومة السودان.

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