بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

قال الله تعالى

َاقْرَأْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ (1) خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ (2) اقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَمُ (3) الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ (4) عَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمْ (5

صدق الله العظيم سورة العلق الآبات 1-5

Dedication

To who taught me how to be avaluable member in the community

My father

To who gave me love and security

My mother

To dear brother and sisters

To my dear husband

Acknowledgment

First of all I thanks to **.almightly allah** the beneficent, and merciful for giving me the strength, and health to accomplish this work.

I express my deepst gratitude to my supervisor **Dr. wafa Ibrahim Elhag** for valuable comments, critical advices, continous support and close supervision.

Faithfully, Iwoud like to thank all people who contributed much to the performance of this study and make it possible and visible.

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To those who helped me to complete this research to all my colleagues in Sudan University.

ABSTRACT

This was descriptive- cross sectional study, which was conducted to determine the frequency of human immunodeficincy virus (HIV) antibodies among pregnant ladies attending a ntenatal clinic in Alsuadi Hospital-Kassala State during the period from April to septamber 2012 and to detect relation between presence of anti HIV antibody and certain risk factors e.g. duration of pregnancy gravidity, Educational status and history of surgical operation.

Ninty sera from pregnant ladies were collected and investigated by 4th generation ELISA technique.

The pregnant ladies examined were age range from (15-37) years with a mean of 26 year.

None of population under study were seropositive for HIV (0%), 81.1% were in Third trimesters, (78.8%) multi gravidia, 55.5% were educated, and (16.7%) had past history of surgical operation.

هذه دراسة وصدفية عرضية اجريت لمعرفة نسبة تردد الاجسام المضادة لفيروس نقص المناعة المكتسبة وسط السيدات الحوامل بالمستشفى السعودى بكسلا فى الفترة من ابريل الى سبتمبر 2012 وكذلك مقارنة بين وجود الاجسام المضادة لفيروس نقص المناعة المكتسبة. وعوامل اخري مثل المستوى التعليمى اجراء العمليات الجراحية فترةالحمل الحمل .

. تسعون من السيدات الحوامل تم فحصهم بعداخذ عينة السيرم باستخدام ت قنية الاليزا معظم السيدات الحوامل تتراوح اعمارهم في المدي بين 15-37 سنة بمتوسط 26 سنة لم تثبت هذه الدراسة وجود اى اجسام مضادة لفيروس ن قص المناعة المكتسبة وسط اليسدات الحوامل .كانت اغلب النساء الحوامل 73% حوامل فى الثلث الثالث و 57% اليسدات الحوامل ور\$55.5

متعلمات و 16.7% اجريت لهم عمليات جراحية في السابق

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List of abbreviations

FDC	Follicular dendirtic cells
WHO	World health organization
LAV	Lymphoadenopathy-associated virus
ART	Antiretroviral treatment
cDNA	Complementarydeoxy ribonucleic acid
SNAP	Sudanese National AID Program
CD8-1	cluster of differentiation8-1
DC-SICN	Dendirtic cell-specific intracellular adhesion molecule grabbing
	non-integrin
E	Envelop
ELISA	Enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay
KS	Kaposi's sarcoma
LTR	Long terminal repeat
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus
HRP	Horse Redish peroxidase
IFA	Immunofluorscence assay
OD	optical density
PCR	polymerase chain reaction
RIBA	Recombinant immmoblot assay
RNA	Ribonucleic acid
RT-PCR	Reverstranscriptase-PCR
NARTIs	Nucleosid analogue reverse transcriptase inhibiters
NNRTIs	Non –nucleosid revers transcriptase inhibiters
US	United States
AIDS	Aquired Immunodeficincy Syndrome