الآية الكريمة

﴿ إِقْرَأُ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الذَّي خَلَقَ ۞ خَلَقَ الإِنسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ ۞ اقْرَأُ وَرَبُّكَ الأَكْرُمُ ۞ الَّذِي عَلَمَ بِالقُلَمِ ۞ عَلَمَ الإِنسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمُ ۞ ﴾

صدق الله العظيم

سورة العلق الآيات من (1-5)

Abstract

This study is concern about Characterization of breast Mass using digital mammography while digital mammography and biopsy is the most important imaging modalities techniques which allow us to evaluate the types of normal breast masses or abnormal by the variation of mammography, in this conduct the study try to the mammography reveals the cysts from solid masses, and between benign and malignant solid breast masses, And does mammography allow detecting early breast cancer.

The material of this conduct by using a scientific questionnaire and the sample of this study consisted of 64 with female patient ,duration of the study This an analytical, case controlled study, which consisted of female clinical breast symptoms and abnormal mammogram cases Adult Female patient evaluate clinical breast symptoms The variable of the study will be consisted of: age, gender, weight, height, BMI, patient family history and sonographic features for benign and malignant solid masses.

The data were analyzed using Excel and hologic selenia, has brought out a totally new facet in mammography breast imaging Harmonic imaging leads to improved resolution and reduced reverberation and near-field artifacts. Real-time compound scanning results in increased tissue contrast resolution Extended or panoramic views provide a better perspective of the lesion in relation to the rest of the breast.

المستخلص

الهدف من هذه الدراسة هو توصيف اورام الشدي بالستخدام التصوير الاشعاعي الرقمي للشدي حيث يعتبر التصوير الاشعاعي الم الدرام الحميدة، كما انه يتميز بخاصية الاشعاعي اهم الاساليب التي تسمح لنا بتقييم انواع كتل او اوام الشدي السرطانية او الاورام الحميدة، كما انه يتميز بخاصية الكشف المبكر عن سرطان الثدي.

تمت هذه الدراسة باستخدام استبيان علمي وكانت عينة الدراسة مكونة من 64 مريضة شعرو باعراض مختلفة و الام في منطقة الصدر وكانت متغيرات الدراسة: العمر و الطول و الوزن و تاريخ عائلة المريض بالنسبة للاورام و نتيجة الفحص الاشعاعي من حيث طبيعة الورم خبيث او حميد.

تم تحليل البيانات باستخدام مايكروسوفت اوفيس و سيلينا الهولوغية حيث ان الدراسة اظهرت وجما جديداكليا في تحسين قرار الطبيب و تحسين كبير في شكل الصور و تعديلها و التخلص من كل اشكال الضوضاء في الصور، كما انه تتميز في اظهار تباين جيد للانسجة مع اعطاء صور بانورامية لكل الثدي.

Dedication

I dedicate this thesis to my husband who support me to finish this effort

To my Mam she is blessing me by her continuous prayers.

To my Children for nursing me with affections and love and their

dedicated partnership for success in my life.

To my friends whom enlightened me throughout my journey in this

study help me to continue.

<<< I dedicate this work to them >>>

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List of content

Title		Page No		
الاية	I			
Abstract		II		
Abstrac	t (Arabic)	III		
Dedication		V		
Acknow	vledgement	IV		
List of C	Contents	VI		
List of tables		VIII		
List of figures		IX		
List of Abbreviation		XI		
Chapter one Introduction				
1.1	Introduction	1		
1.2	The Problem of the Study	2		
1.3	Objective of the study	3		
1.3.1	General objective	3		
1.3.2	Specific objective	3		
1.4	Important of the study	4		
1.5	Over view of the study	4		
Chapter two Literature reviews				
2.1.1	Anatomy	5		
2.1.2	PathoPhysiology	6		
2.1.3	Breast tumor diagnosi	8		
2.1.4	Breast density	9		
2.1.5	Summary of BI-RADS assessment	9		

2.1.6	Treatment of BIRADS	10
2.1.7	Characterization of breast masses	11
2.7.1.2	Diagnosis of x-ray mamography	12
2.7.1.3	Interpretation of mamogram	13
2.7.1.4	Modern imaging in breast cancer	15
2.7.1.5	Breast cancer staging	16
2.7.1.6	x-ray mammogram	18
2.7.1.7	Screening x-ray mammogram	19
2.7.1.8	Benign breast condition	22
2.7.1.9	Magnetic Resonance and Computed Tomography	31
2.7.1.10	Nuclear medicine and other modality screening	37
2.2	Previous study	41
	Chapter three Material and method	
3.1.1	Designs of the study	44
3.1.2	Population of the study	44
3.1.3	Sample and type of the study	45
3.1.4	Duration and place of the study	45
3.1.5	Technique of data collection	45
3.2	Method	45
3.2.1	Variables of Study	45
	Chapter four Results	
4.1	Results	46
Chapter five Discussion, conclusion & recommendations		
5.1	Discussion	52
5.2	Conclusion	53

5.3	Recommendations	54
5.4	References	55

List of tables

Table	Content	Pag.No
4.1	Age Groups and Frequency	46
4.2	The Shape, Frequency and Percentage	47
4.3	The Margin	49
4.4	The Calcification	50
4.5	Appearance of the Lymph	51

List of Figure

figure	Content	Pag.No
1.1	adopted from Schonberg MA, Ramanan RA,	2
	McCarthy EP, Marcantonio ER.	
2.1	Anatomy of the breast adopted	5
2.2	Image from a mammogram shows a benign mass: a fibroadenoma with well-defined edges and a halo sign	18
2.3	Image from a mammogram shows a benign mass: a fibroadenoma with well-defined edges and a halo sign	18
2.4	Traumatic fat necrosis	19
2.5	Mammographic spot image during a ductogram	25
	shows contrast (white) within the catheter and	
	branching ductal system.	
2.6	An ultrasound of a benign breast mass with	26
	circumscribed margins and oval shape; in this	
	case, the mass is a fibroadenoma	
2.7	Ultrasound shows a suspicious hypoechoic mass	27
	with angular margins; in this case, the mass is	
2.0	an invasive ductal carcinoma Ultrasound shows an anechoic cyst with smooth	20
2.8	margins and enhanced through transmission.	28
	This is benign and does not need any imaging	
	follow-up.	

2.9	There is a large cyst in the right breast. The cancer in the left breast is isointense to normal tissue and very difficult to see.	30
2.10	Same patient as in previous image: T1-weighted image with fat suppression after contrast clearly shows the posterior cancer invading the pectoralis major on the left	30
4.1	Age, Frequency and Percentage	46
4.2	illustrate the Shape relations with frequency and the percentage (around, around and oval ,ill defined, oval, peculated, tubal, welldefined, total).	48
4.3	show margin with frequency and percentage data	49
4.4	illustrate the frequency and valid result which is taken in to the values.	50
4.5	illustrate the Appearance of the Lymph enlargement according to the frequency and valid percent.	51

List of the Abbreviations

BI-RADS columnar alteration with prominent special snouts and secretions

MRIUSE Magnetic Resonaznce imaging

USG Ultra sonogram

CAT Computerized axial tomography (scan)

CT Chemotherapy

NSR Non Significant result

IBC Inflammatory Brest cancer

6- MP 6-Mercaptopurine (anti cancer drug)

6-TG 6-Thioguanine (zanti cancer drug)

AA Anaplastic Anaemiaz

ABC Advanced Breast Cancer

ABMT Autologous bone marrow transplant

ADR Adverse Drug Reaction

AE Adverse event

AFP Alphafetoprotein - eg. expressed by germ cell tumours and other

cancers

AIDS Acquired immune deficiency syndrome

ALAT Alanine aminotransferase / alinine transaminase

ALCL Anaplastic Large-cell Lymphoma

ALL Acute lymphoblastic leukaemia

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase

AMKL acute megakaryocytic leukemia

AML Acute Myeloid leukaemia

ANC Absolute neutrophil count

ANED Alive no evidence of disease

ANLL Acute non-lymphatic leukaemia

ARMS Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma

ASR Age Standardised Rate (Incidence)

AUC Area under the curve

B-ALL cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia

BAER Brainstem Auditory Evoked Response

BCC Basal Cell Carcinoma

BM Bone Marrow

BM Blood Monitoring (eg for glucose)

BMJ British Medical Journal

BMR Basal Metabolic Rate

BMT Bone Marrow Transplant

BNF British National Formulary

BP Blood pressure

BRM Biological Response Modifier

BSA Body Surface Area

BSE Breast Self Examination